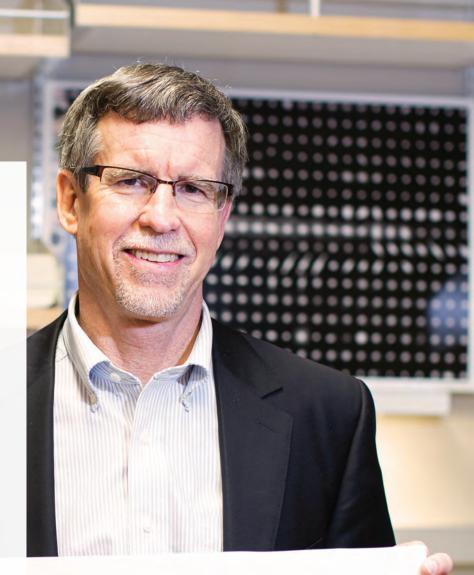
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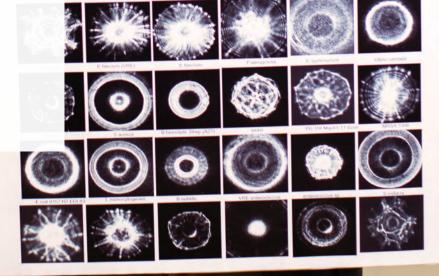
Annual Financial Report



Forward Scatter Phenotypes of Bacterial Colonies

Retirement System

20/21



The University of California is renowned the world over for combining academic and research excellence with unparalleled student access. We've provided a ladder of opportunity for generations of scientists, engineers, lawyers, doctors, public servants, and other champions of change who have helped our nation reach new heights.

Retirement System 20/21 Annual Financial Report

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University of California Retirement System

The University of California Retirement System (UCRS) is a valuable component of the comprehensive benefits package offered to employees of the University of California (University). UCRS consists of two defined benefit plans and four defined contribution plans. The defined benefit plans (DB Plans) include the University of California Retirement Plan (UCRP) for members and the Voluntary Early Retirement Incentive Plan (UC-VERIP) for certain University employees that were members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) who elected early retirement. The University of California Retirement Savings Program (UCRSP) includes four defined contribution plans, collectively referred to as the UCRSP Plans: Defined Contribution Plan (DC Plan), Supplemental Defined Contribution Plan (SDC Plan), Tax-Deferred 403(b) Plan (403(b) Plan) and 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan (457(b) Plan). The Regents of the University of California (The Regents) acts as trustee associated with each of the UCRS Plans other than the UCRSP Plans for which the Office of the Chief Investment Officer (OCIO) of The Regents acts as custodian. Administrative authority with respect to the UCRS Plans is vested in the President of the University (the President) as plan administrator and the President has delegated that authority within UCRS, under University policies and procedures, to the Vice President — Human Resources.

SUMMARY STATEMENT

This section contains information on the DB Plans, which provide lifetime retirement income, disability income, death benefits and postretirement and preretirement survivor benefits to eligible employees of the University and its affiliate, Hastings College of the Law, and the survivors and beneficiaries as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Significant statistics relating to UCRP financial information and membership base as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

TOTAL	83,012 members
Disabled	1,197 members
Survivor/Beneficiary	9,773 members
Professional/Support Staff	\$38,992
Management/Senior Professional	\$66,421
Faculty	\$92,939
AVERAGE ANNUAL UCRP INCOME	
rioessona/support stan	20 years
Professional/Support Staff	21 years 20 years
Management/Senior Professional	24 years 21 years
AVERAGE SERVICE CREDIT AT RETIREMENT Faculty	24 years
Professional/Support Staff	60 years
Management/Senior Professional	61 years
Faculty	64 years
AVERAGE RETIREMENT AGE	
Total Retired Members	72,042 members
Professional/Support Staff	53,257 members
Management/Senior Professional	10,881 members
Faculty	7,904 members
RETIREE MEMBERSHIP (Receiving benefits)	
INACTIVE PLAN MEMBERSHIP/OTHER (Not yet receiving benefits)' TOTAL	106,291 members
	years
Professional/Support Staff	49 years 43 years
Non-Faculty Academics Management/Senior Professional	48 years 49 years
Senate Faculty	51 years
AVERAGE AGE	51
	,
Professional/Support Staff	\$87,707
Management/Senior Professional	\$153,081
Non-Faculty Academics	\$111,868
Senate Faculty	\$161,440
AVERAGE ANNUAL SALARY	
TOTAL	131,098 members
Professional/Support Staff	93,829 members
Management/Senior Professional	14,192 members
ACTIVE PLAN MEMBERSHIP Senate Faculty and Non-Faculty Academics	23,077 members
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Plan administrative and other expenses	\$64.8 million
Benefit payments (excluding member withdrawals and lump sum cashouts)	\$3.7 billion
Contributions	\$3.8 billion
Net investment income	\$21.5 billion

¹ Includes terminated nonvested members eligible for a refund of Plan accumulations and/or Capital Accumulation Payment (CAP) distribution and members that were employed by Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) or Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) prior to the transition of management of these laboratories from UC to holding companies, and are eligible for a CAP payment from UCRP after they separate from employment at LANL or LLNL.

PLAN OVERVIEW AND ADMINISTRATION

UCRP is a key component of the comprehensive benefits package offered to employees of the University and its affiliate, Hastings College of the Law. UCRP is a governmental defined benefit pension plan intended to be qualified under §401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

The University's pension program dates back to 1904, with a plan that provided for the purchase of commercial annuities for retiring professors at UC Berkeley and UC San Francisco. The current retirement pension plan was designed in 1961, before the University's participation in Social Security and before the introduction of employee life and disability insurance coverage. Over the years, UCRP has evolved to include provisions for:

- · Basic retirement income (includes postretirement survivor benefits) and four alternative monthly payment options;
- · Lump sum cashouts in lieu of monthly retirement income (except for the 2013 Tier and 2016 Tier);
- · Disability income;
- · Death benefits; and
- Preretirement survivor benefits.

Further, in lieu of lifetime retirement benefits, members may choose a refund of their accumulated employee contributions and credited interest.

At June 30, 2021, active UCRP members included 131,098 employees at the University's 10 campuses, five medical centers, Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory and Hastings College of the Law.

The Vice President — Human Resources of the University carries out administrative duties delegated by the President for the day-to-day management and operation of UCRP. These duties include conducting policy research, implementing changes to the UCRP plan document and regulations to preserve the UCRP's qualification under the IRC and overseeing the recordkeeping and accounting functions and the receipt and disbursement of UCRP assets to eligible members, their beneficiaries and survivors.

Summary plan descriptions are updated periodically to reflect legislative, Plan and administrative changes. These booklets are available online on UCnet (https://ucnet.universityofcalifornia.edu/compensation-and-benefits/index.html) or through the local Benefits Offices.

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

Employees participate in UCRP in one of five plan membership categories/tiers:

- Members of the 1976 Tier
- Members of the 2013 Tier (including the Modified 2013 Tier for certain collectively bargained units)
- Members of the 2016 Tier
- Safety Members (police and firefighters)
- Tier Two Members

The following table reflects UCRP Plan membership by category over the past 10 years ended June 30:

ACTIVE AND INACTIVE PLAN MEMBERSHIP

YEAR	1976 TIER	2013 TIER	MODIFIED 2013 TIER	2016 TIER	SAFETY MEMBERS	TIER TWO	TOTAL ACTIVE	INACTIVE MEMBERS/ OTHERS	TOTAL ACTIVE AND INACTIVE PLAN MEMBERSHIP
2021	59,631 ¹	16,063 ²	30,373	24,652 ³	376	34	131,098	106,291	237,389
2020	65,353	18,561	27,549	23,062	424	4	134,953	99,156	234,109
2019	69,082	18,874	23,255	16,306	406	4	127,927	100,864	228,791
2018	75,100	21,307	22,672	10,384	412	4	129,879	92,617	222,496
2017	81,270	24,531	18,680	4,494	403	4	129,382	87,052	216,434
2016	88,148	25,450	14,510		399	6	128,513	81,595	210,108
2015	96,270	17,710	9,385		395	8	123,768	75,165	198,933
2014	106,162	9,510	4,482		404	10	120,568	78,229	198,797
2013	117,922				390	9	118,321	73,589	191,910
2012	116,481				396	11	116,888	67,318	184,206

¹Includes 140 members whose service is not coordinated with Social Security. ²Includes 4 multi-tier members that have 1976 Tier service not coordinated with Social Security. ³Includes 8 multi-tier members that have1976 Tier service not coordinated with Social Security.

Includes 3 members whose service is not coordinated with Social Security.

PLAN BENEFITS

UCRP paid approximately \$3.7 billion in periodic retirement, disability and preretirement survivor benefits during fiscal year 2020-2021. As of June 30, 2021 there were 83,012 members in pay status, including beneficiaries and survivors. The retirement payments described included cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) and excluded lump sum cashouts and member withdrawals. Payments to survivors included basic death payments and survivor annuities. The table below reflects total benefits paid in each category over the past 10 years.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	RETIREMENT	DISABILITY	DEATH & SURVIVOR	TOTAL ¹
2021	\$3,636,152	\$30,583	\$64,698	\$3,731,433
2020	3,431,245	30,181	63,487	3,524,913
2019	3,309,505	30,102	59,039	3,398,646
2018	3,008,236	30,259	58,769	3,097,264
2017	2,800,437	30,470	57,146	2,888,053
2016	2,596,632	30,769	56,212	2,683,613
2015	2,412,393	32,201	53,753	2,498,347
2014	2,240,565	33,411	50,271	2,324,247
2013	2,068,402	34,376	49,212	2,151,990
2012	1,908,831	35,189	47,262	1,991,282

UCRP BENEFIT PAYMENTS (\$ in thousands)

¹Does not include nonperiodic member withdrawals (including Capital Accumulation Payment (CAP) distributions and lump sum cashouts).

The number of UCRP benefit recipients in each category for the year ended June 30 for each of the past 10 years is shown below.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	RETIRED MEMBERS	DISABLED MEMBERS	SURVIVORS	TOTAL
2021	72,042	1,197	9,773	83,012
2020	69,898	1,250	9,597	80,745
2019	68,346	1,338	9,400	79,084
2018	65,438	1,386	9,100	75,924
2017	62,753	1,440	8,802	72,995
2016	60,178	1,519	8,380	70,077
2015	57,581	1,620	8,120	67,321
2014	54,714	1,763	7,714	64,191
2013	52,300	1,897	7,518	61,715
2012	49,675	2,000	7,259	58,934

UCRP BENEFIT RECIPIENTS

INVESTMENT AND PROXY POLICIES

The DB Plans bear the mortality and investment risk because members' benefits are based on the employer's promise rather than the contributions or plan assets and their earnings available to pay the benefits.

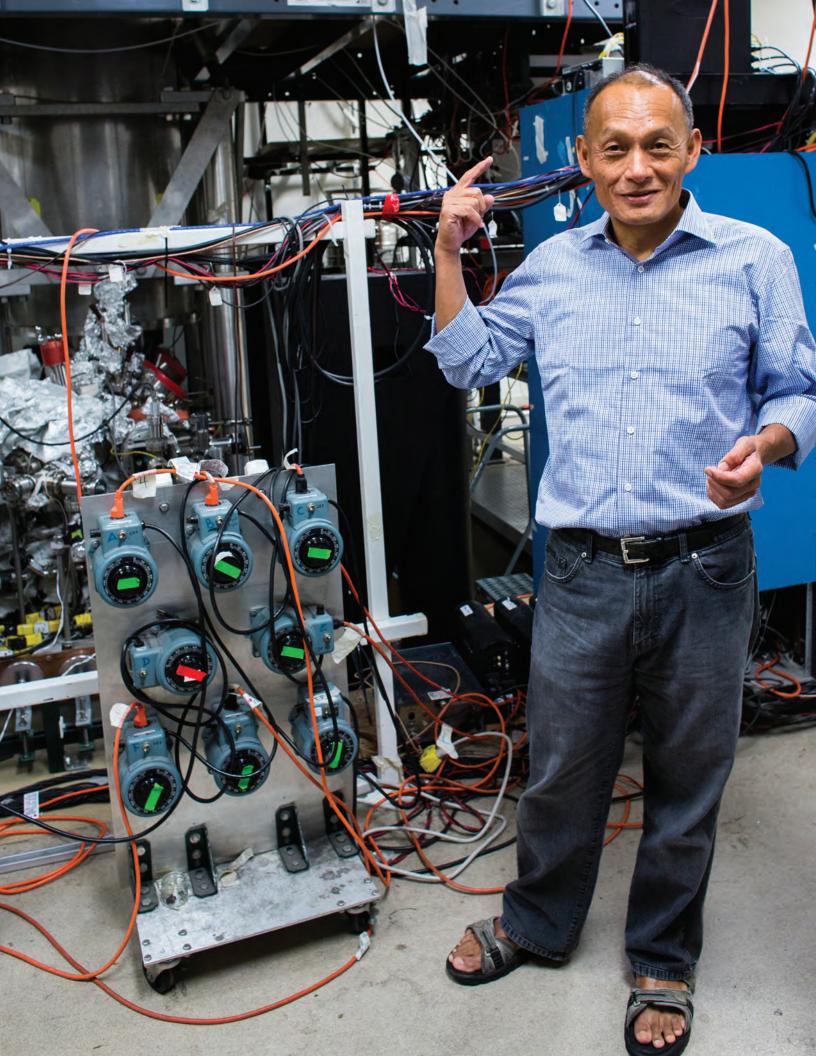
The OCIO has primary responsibility for investing the DB Plan assets consistent with policies established by The Regents. The Regents has fiduciary responsibility for establishing the investment policy for the DB Plans and for overseeing the implementation of that policy.

The assets of the DB Plans are held in trust by The Regents separately from the University's assets and are maintained in a custodial account at State Street Bank & Trust Co. The bank carries insurance against loss of property caused by employee dishonesty, theft, misplacement, damage, distribution or mysterious disappearance.

HISTORICAL INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE

ANNUALIZED RATES OF RETURN AT JUNE 30, 2021 (shown as percentage)

	1-YEAR	3-YEAR	5-YEAR	10-YEAR
UCRP	30.5%	12.0%	11.6%	8.9 %
Policy Benchmark	28.5	12.0	11.3	8.4
PUBLIC EQUITY	41.8	15.5	15.9	10.8
UCRP Public Equity	40.9	14.3	14.7	10.1
FIXED-INCOME				
Core Fixed-Income	0.1	4.7	3.1	3.6
Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	0.4	5.6	3.2	3.5
High Yield	15.0	7.1	7.0	6.7
Merrill Lynch High Yield Cash Pay Index	14.7	6.9	7.1	6.4
Emerging Market Debt	7.5	6.6	4.7	4.4
JP Morgan Emerging Markets Bond Index	7.5	6.7	4.9	5.4
TIPS	6.7	6.5	4.4	
Barclays U.S. TIPS	6.5	6.5	4.2	
OTHER INVESTMENTS				
Private Equity	54.7	24.4	21.2	16.6
Private Equity Benchmark	46.7	20.7	18.4	15.3
Absolute Return	21.8	8.3	7.2	5.8
Custom Absolute Return Benchmark	18.5	6.2	6.1	2.4
Real Estate	8.2	4.3	5.9	9.6
NCREIF-ODCE Index	5.2	5.2	6.0	9.1
Real Assets	11.5	6.9	7.7	3.1
Private Credit	14.1			
Private Credit Benchmark	13.4			
Cash and Equivalents	1.8	2.1	1.8	2.7



SUMMARY STATEMENT

This section contains information about the UCRSP Plans which were created to provide savings incentives and additional retirement security for eligible University employees. The DC Plan was established by resolution of The Regents to accept after-tax contributions effective July 1, 1967, and pretax contributions effective November 1, 1990. The Regents established the SDC Plan effective January 1, 2009, to provide retirement benefits to designated employees of the University and their beneficiaries. The 403(b) Plan, also established by Regental resolution, became effective July 1, 1969. The Regents established the 457(b) Plan effective September 1, 2004. Significant statistics relating to the UCRSP Plans' financial information and membership base as of fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Net position	\$34.7 billion
Total contributions	\$1.9 billion
Net investment income	\$7.3 billion
Program administrative expenses	\$4.1 million

The participant counts reflect the fact that participants may have an account in more than one UCRSP Plan and may also have more than one account in one or more of the UCRSP Plans. Significant statistics relating to the UCRSP Plans and their participants for fiscal year 2020-2021 and as of June 30, 2021, are as follows:

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN	
Pretax Active Participants:	
Faculty/Other Academic	4,664
Management/Senior Professional	15,326
Professional/Support Staff/Other	19,483
Hastings College of the Law	103
Total Pretax Active Participants	39,576
Average percent of salary contributed	7.3%
Average Pretax monthly contribution	\$298
Average Pretax Account balance ¹	\$13,413
After-Tax Account Active Participants:	
Faculty/Other Academic	1,796
Management/Senior Professional	1,519
Professional/Support Staff/Other	7,821
Hastings College of the Law	10
Total After-Tax Account Active Participants	11,146
Average After-Tax monthly contribution	\$505
Average After-Tax Account balance ¹	\$14,591
Inactive Plan Participation (Including Pretax Accounts and After-Tax Accounts)	122,349

TAX-DEFERRED 403(b) PLAN

Active Participants:	
Faculty/Other Academic	9,138
Management/Senior Professional	11,296
Professional/Support Staff/Other	56,380
Hastings College of the Law	108
Total	76,922
Average monthly contribution	\$631
Average Plan Account balance ¹	\$122,052
Outstanding Loan Program loans	19,644
Aggregate outstanding loan principal	\$189.0 million
Inactive Plan Participation	54,981

457(b) DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

Active Participants:	
Faculty/Other Academic	5,350
Management/Senior Professional	4,542
Professional/Support Staff/Other	16,016
Hastings College of the Law	45
Total	25,953
Average monthly contribution	\$712
Average Plan Account balance ¹	\$99,341
Inactive Plan Participation	11,249

¹For Active Participants only.

PLAN OVERVIEW AND ADMINISTRATION

Benefits from UCRSP Plans are based on participants' mandatory and voluntary contributions and certain University contributions, plus earnings. While their savings accumulate, employees have the benefit of reductions in their personal income taxes for pretax contributions.

A defined contribution plan was first made available to University employees in 1967. Employees could invest after-tax contributions in two University-managed annuity funds. Two years later, the 403(b) Plan was added for voluntary pretax savings. Over the years, 403(b) Plan features have been expanded to include a diversified mix of investment options, including 11 single, diversified target date investment funds for building retirement savings; 13 core asset class options; a brokerage window and a loan program through which participants can borrow from their 403(b) Plan savings.

The 457(b) Plan was established effective September 1, 2004. Although 457(b) plans have been available for many years, the IRC salary deferral contribution limits were applicable to participants' combined annual contributions to both 457(b) and 403(b) plans, so there was no advantage in offering both. A change in tax law, however, allows the maximum limit to be applied separately to each kind of plan. Thus, with the addition of the 457(b) Plan, University faculty and staff can double the amount of their voluntary, pretax retirement savings.

All employee salary deferral and after-tax contributions to UCRSP Plans are deducted from participants' wages. University contributions are made on behalf of academic employees who earn summer term or equivalent salary and eligible senior managers.

The fiduciary oversight structure for UCRSP Plans aligns Regental oversight of the UCRSP Plans through the Governance and Compensation Committee, which oversees the administration of the UCRSP Plans carried out by the Human Resources Department and the Investments Committee, which oversees the investment management function carried out by the OCIO.

The Vice President — Human Resources serves as the Plan Administrator and oversees policy research, implements regulations to preserve the UCRSP Plans' qualification and/or tax-advantaged status under the IRC and provides administrative services as needed.

The UCRSP Plans' administration and investment management activities are reviewed semiannually by the Retirement Savings Program Advisory Committee.

Fidelity Workplace Services LLC (FWS) acts as the master recordkeeper for the UCRSP Plans. The master recordkeeping and participant services include daily valuation, daily exchanges, processing of distributions, plan loans and withdrawals, administration and a consolidated recordkeeping platform for the UCRSP Plans and all the funds offered under UCRSP.

For services rendered in connection with the UCRSP Plans, a per-participant quarterly administrative fee is deducted from each participant's account to cover costs of plan administrative services. As of October 1, 2020, the administrative fee was lowered from \$8.75 to \$8.25. The administrative fee pays for the UCRSP Plans' expenses, such as investor education, accounting, audit, legal and recordkeeping services. There are no front-end or deferred sales loads or other marketing expenses associated with the single, diversified investments and primary asset class options managed by the OCIO. In addition, any fees paid by participants, including loan fees and brokerage window account fees, and any credits that may be awarded for FWS' failure to meet certain performance standards, will be credited to the UCRSP Plans' recordkeeping fee account.

A participant can obtain information on investment management fees charged by an investment option by reviewing the fund prospectus or fund fact sheet available on the FWS website (netbenefits.fidelity.com).

Summary plan descriptions are updated periodically to reflect legislative, UCRSP Plan and administrative changes. These booklets are available online at UCnet (https://ucnet.universityofcalifornia.edu/compensation-and-benefits/index.html) or through the local Benefits Offices.

CONTRIBUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS

Effective July 1, 2016, UCRP was amended to provide a new tier of pension benefits under the Retirement Choice Program. The new program tier provides eligible University employees hired (or becoming eligible) on or after July 1, 2016 (and certain eligible rehires who return to work after a tier break in service) a choice between two primary retirement benefit options: (1) Pension Choice, which is the UCRP pension benefit with covered compensation for new hires capped at the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act salary pensionable compensation limit (PEPRA maximum) or (2) Savings Choice, where the primary retirement benefit is provided from contributions to the DC Plan on eligible pay up to the IRC §401(a)(17) compensation limit (IRC limit).

For eligible employees who elect Pension Choice and who are subject to the PEPRA maximum for members coordinated with Social Security, both the University and eligible participants make mandatory DC Plan retirement contributions on a pretax basis for the supplemental benefit to the DC Plan. For designated faculty, the University contributes 5.0 percent on all eligible pay up to the IRC limit. For staff, the University contributes 3.0 percent on eligible pay above the PEPRA maximum up to the IRC limit. The University supplemental contributions are fully vested after five years of service. Both designated faculty and staff contribute 7.0 percent on eligible pay above the PEPRA maximum up to the IRC limit.

For Savings Choice, the participant contributes 7.0 percent on a pretax basis, and the University currently contributes 8.0 percent. University contributions under Savings Choice are fully vested after one year of service.

After five years of service, Savings Choice participants are permitted to prospectively elect Pension Choice. The second choice window opens on January 1 following the completion of five years of service and closes on May 31 five years later. The Pension Choice election becomes effective on the next July 1.

Voluntary DC Plan contributions, which employees make on an after-tax basis, are held in the DC Plan's After-Tax Account. The maximum amount employees may contribute annually as after-tax voluntary contributions is determined by the IRC §415(c) limit. Generally, this amount is the lesser of 100 percent of the participant's adjusted gross University salary or \$57,000 in 2020 and \$58,000 in 2021. This limit takes into account all annual additions, including any pretax employee and University contributions to the DC Plan. After-tax contributions are deducted from net income and also may be invested in and transferred among any of the investment options available to the UCRSP Plans.

The University makes 403(b) Plan retirement contributions on the summer salaries of eligible academic appointees who teach, conduct research or provide administrative service during the summer session or an equivalent term. To be eligible, the academic appointee must hold an academic year appointment, be an active member of UCRP or another defined benefit plan to which the University contributes, be a Savings Choice participant, or be eligible for a primary retirement benefit option under the Retirement Choice Program even if not yet participating. The contribution rate is 7.0 percent of eligible summer salary, of which 3.5 percent is University-paid and 3.5 percent is employee-paid, both on a pretax basis.

The 403(b) Plan includes voluntary employee salary deferral contributions that are made on a pretax basis. Within IRC limits, a 403(b) Plan participant may make contributions as a percentage of their salary or in a flat dollar amount. Contributions to the 403(b) Plan may be invested in and transferred among any of the investment options available to the UCRSP Plans. The University may also contribute on behalf of eligible senior managers.

The 457(b) Plan includes voluntary salary deferral employee contributions. University contributions may also be made for eligible senior managers on a pretax basis. Within IRC limits, a 457(b) Plan participant may make contributions as a percentage of their salary or in a flat dollar amount. Contributions to the 457(b) Plan may be invested in and transferred among any of the investment options available to the UCRSP Plans.

All four UCRSP Plans accept rollovers of pretax distributions from other University-sponsored plans, including lump sum cashouts and Capital Accumulation Payment (CAP) distributions from UCRP, 401(a), 401(k), 403(b) and governmental 457(b) Plans, and from traditional IRAs. In addition, the DC and 403(b) Plans accept direct rollovers of after-tax amounts from 401(a), 401(k) and 403(b) Plans. The 457(b) Plan does not accept rollovers of after-tax distributions.

INVESTMENTS

The OCIO has primary responsibility for selecting appropriate asset classes and specific investment options, establishing investment guidelines and benchmarks against which performance is measured, and making changes in the UC Funds menu as it deems appropriate based on its periodic evaluations. The OCIO's selection and monitoring responsibilities do not extend to the mutual funds available through the Fidelity brokerage account option. The Regents has fiduciary responsibility for establishing broad investment policy and overseeing the performance of the investment functions.

Proxy Voting Policy

The OCIO has instructed The Regents' custodian bank to vote all proxies on behalf of The Regents according to its guidelines.

Investment Options

In 2020-2021, all UCRSP participants had the following investment options:

Tier I: UC Pathway Funds, with specific target dates

Tier II: Main Fund Menu — Bond and Stock Investments

Tier III: BrokerageLink®

Current detailed information regarding the UC Funds and other investment options is available on the FWS website (netbenefits.fidelity.com).

UC Funds Investment Performance

UC Funds Investment Performance for periods ended June 30, 2021:

(shown as percentage)				(shown as percentage)			
	1-YEAR	3-YEAR	5-YEAR		1-YEAR	3-YEAR	5-YEAR
TARGET DATE FUNDS				U.S. SMALL/MID CAP EQUITY			
Pathway Income Fund	15.5%	7.9 %	6.8%	UC Domestic Small Cap Index Fund	62.4 %	14.3%	15.7%
Policy Benchmark ¹	15.4	8.0	6.8	Russell 2000 Tobacco Free Index	62.0	14.0	15.5
Pathway Fund 2020	19.7	9.6	8.6	GLOBAL/WORLD EX-US EQUITY			
Policy Benchmark ¹	19.6	9.7	8.6	UC International Equity Index Fund	35.0	9.2	11.1
Pathway Fund 2025	24.0	11.4	10.1	Policy Benchmark ¹	35.0	8.7	10.7
Policy Benchmark ¹	24.0	11.5	10.2	CAPITAL PRESERVATION			
Pathway Fund 2030	27.1	12.5	11.2	Savings Fund	0.6	1.3	1.4
Policy Benchmark ¹	27.0	12.6	11.3	2-Year U.S. Treasury Notes Inc Ret Index	0.1	1.3	1.4
Pathway Fund 2035	29.8	13.0	12.0	INFLATION SENSITIVE			
Policy Benchmark ¹	29.8	13.2	12.1	UC Short-Term TIPS Fund	5.7	3.8	2.8
Pathway Fund 2040	32.6	13.5	12.7	Barclays 1-3-Year U.S. TIPS Index	5.7	3.7	2.6
Policy Benchmark ¹	32.5	13.6	12.9	UC TIPS Fund	6.7	6.5	4.4
Pathway Fund 2045	35.2	13.9	13.4	Barclays U.S. TIPS Index	6.5	6.5	4.2
Policy Benchmark ¹	35.1	13.9	13.6	DIVERSIFIED FIXED-INCOME			
Pathway Fund 2050	36.7	14.2	14.0	UC Bond Fund	(0.2)	5.3	3.2
Policy Benchmark ¹	36.6	14.2	14.2	Barclays Aggregate Fixed-Income Index	(0.3)	5.3	3.0
Pathway Fund 2055	36.7	14.2	14.2	NEW LARGE EQUITY			
Policy Benchmark ¹	36.6	14.2	14.3	UC Growth Company Fund	57.5	32.8	31.9
Pathway Fund 2060	36.7	14.2	14.2	Russell 3000 Growth Index	43.0	24.5	23.3
Policy Benchmark ¹	36.6	14.2	14.3	WORLD EX-U.S. EQUITY			
Pathway Fund 2065	36.7			UC Diversified Intl. Fund	30.3	13.2	12.7
Policy Benchmark ¹	36.6			MSCI EAFE Index	32.4	8.3	10.3
U.S. LARGE EQUITY				UC Emerging Markets Fund	41.1	10.3	11.7
UC Domestic Equity Index Fund	44.3	19.0	18.2	MSCI Emerging Markets Index	40.9	11.3	13.0
Russell 3000 TF Index	44.2	18.8	18.1	REAL ESTATE			
UC Social Equity Index Fund	42.1	20.8	19.9	UC Real Estate Fund	38.2	10.1	6.0
Spliced Social Index	42.3	20.8	19.9	REIT Spliced Index	38.1	9.9	6.0

¹Blend of the benchmarks of the individual underlying funds based on holdings according to the asset allocation mix.

NET POSITION BY PLAN

The following tables show the assets, liabilities and net position in each of the UCRSP Plans as of June 30, 2021.

(in thousands of dollars)				
June 30, 2021	403(b) PLAN	DC PLANS	457(b) PLAN	TOTAL PLANS
ASSETS				
Investments in UCRSP Funds	\$22,420,248	\$5,881,741	\$4,169,307	\$32,471,296
Investment of securities lending collateral	3,015,140	767,583	116,153	3,898,876
Participants' interests in mutual funds	1,707,607	241,176	458,166	2,406,949
Participant 403(b) Plan loans	188,974			188,974
Other assets	38,299	7,560	1,593	47,452
Total Assets	27,370,268	6,898,060	4,745,219	39,013,547
LIABILITIES				
Other liabilities	301,466	54,431	10,876	366,773
Collateral held for securities lending	2,810,625	902,535	185,716	3,898,876
Total Liabilities	3,112,091	956,966	196,592	4,265,649
Net Position	\$24,258,177	\$5,941,094	\$4,548,627	\$34,747,898

TAX-DEFERRED 403(b) PLAN LOAN PROGRAM

As permitted by IRC §72(p), active participants with a 403(b) Plan balance of at least \$1,000 may generally borrow from their total 403(b) Plan account balance without incurring taxes or penalties. Certain limitations apply to the available borrowing amount depending on account balance, previous loan activity and highest outstanding loan balance within the past 12 months.

The 403(b) Plan Loan Program offers short-term general-purpose loans with repayment terms of five years or less, and long-term principal-residence loans with repayment terms of up to 15 years. A participant may have one general-purpose loan and one principal-residence loan outstanding at one time but may not take out more than one loan within a 12-month period. Monthly repayments of principal and interest are credited proportionately to the investment fund(s) according to the current 403(b) Plan contribution investment mix established by the participant. A nonrefundable loan initiation fee of \$35 is deducted from the 403(b) Plan account balance at the end of the calendar quarter in which the loan is taken. An annual maintenance fee of \$15 is deducted (\$3.75 per calendar quarter) from the participant's 403(b) Plan account balance.

The interest rate is fixed at the time the loan is granted and equals the prevailing bank Prime Rate as published by The Wall Street Journal plus 1.0 percent. As of June 30, 2021, the loan rate remained at 4.25 percent.

At June 30, 2021, the aggregate outstanding loan balance of 19,644 active loans was \$189.0 million compared to 20,082 active loans with an aggregate outstanding balance of \$194.8 million at June 30, 2020.

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	NUMBER OF LOANS FUNDED	\$ IN THOUSANDS
2021	4,658	\$72,017
2020	5,619	78,120
2019	6,131	81,736
2018	6,148	77,281
2017	6,116	74,081
2016	5,839	71,857
2015	5,876	73,465
2014	6,003	75,361
2013	5,938	72,417
2012	5,161	62,807

The following table reflects participant loans funded for the 10 years ended June 30:

CARES Act

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The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act was signed into law on March 27, 2020, with mandatory and optional distribution and loan provisions that apply to the UCRSP Plans adopted by The Regents on May 20, 2020. The adopted CARES Act provisions related to the 403(b) Plan Loan Program are as follows:

- 1. Qualified participants, as defined under the CARES Act, may request coronavirus-related loans from the 403(b) Plan, provided that:
 - a. The participant is an active UC employee with a balance of at least \$1,000 in the 403(b) Plan;
 - b. The participant does not already have an outstanding general-purpose loan from the 403(b) Plan;
 - c. The coronavirus-related loan amount does not exceed the lesser of \$100,000 or 100 percent of the participant's vested contributions in all three UCRSP Plans, plus interest or earnings; and
 - d. The coronavirus-related loan is requested no later than September 22, 2020.

To facilitate these CARES Act loan provisions, the current plan provision which limits a participant to receive only one general-purpose loan every 12-month period is temporarily suspended, allowing a participant to initiate and pay off a general-purpose loan and take another within a 12-month period.

2. Active participants with an outstanding plan loan are allowed a grace period of one year during which they may suspend any loan repayments that otherwise would have been owed through December 31, 2020.

The provisions of the CARES Act were effective through December 31, 2020.



Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The University of California Retirement System (UCRS) comprises two defined benefit pension plans (Defined Benefit Plans) and four defined contribution plans (UCRSP). The objective of Management's Discussion and Analysis is to help readers of UCRS' financial statements better understand the financial position and operating activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, with selected comparative information for the years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. Unless otherwise indicated, years (2019, 2020, 2021, etc.) in this discussion refer to the fiscal years ended June 30.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to UCRS' financial statements, which comprise the following:

- Statements of Fiduciary Net Position
- Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
- Notes to Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Note to Required Supplementary Information

The Statements of Fiduciary Net Position present information on UCRS' assets and liabilities and the resulting net position for pension benefits. These statements reflect UCRS' investments at fair value, along with cash and short-term investments, receivables and other assets and liabilities.

The Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position present information showing how UCRS' net position for pension benefits changed during the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019. It reflects contributions along with investment income or losses during the period from investing and securities lending activities. Deductions for retirement benefits, withdrawals, cost-of-living adjustments, survivor, disability and death benefits and administrative expenses are also presented.

The Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The Required Supplementary Information (RSI) contains schedules with actuarial information, the net pension liability and contributions for the University of California Retirement Plan (UCRP), and the Voluntary Early Retirement Incentive Program (UC-VERIP). The Notes to the RSI provide additional descriptions.

The Vice President — Human Resources has primary fiduciary responsibility for UCRP administrative functions, and the Office of the Chief Investment Officer (OCIO) has primary fiduciary responsibility for implementing UCRP investment policy. The Regents determines investment policy and retains broad oversight fiduciary responsibility for investment and administrative functions for the UCRS Plans.

Financial Highlights, Results and Analysis

The UCRS Plans provide retirement benefits to University employees. Plan benefits are funded by member, participant and University contributions and by investment income. Below are statements of net position and changes in net position for the UCRS Plans:

(in thousands of dollars)

	DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS			UCRSP		
JUNE 30	2021	2020	2019	2021	2020	2019
ASSETS						
Investments (including STIP)	\$92,105,197	\$71,790,217	\$71,198,772	\$32,471,296	\$25,488,065	\$24,257,931
Investment of securities lending collateral	5,470,316	4,622,877	3,937,333	3,898,876	2,965,803	2,191,193
Participants' interests in mutual funds				2,406,949	1,828,837	1,691,773
Participant 403(b) Plan loans				188,974	194,829	193,766
Receivables	600,096	2,257,546	1,250,356	47,452	375,128	45,097
Total Assets	98,175,609	78,670,640	76,386,461	39,013,547	30,852,662	28,379,760
LIABILITIES						
Payable for securities purchased, member withdrawals, refunds and other payables	879,291	3,069,792	2,106,465	366,773	619,814	410,109
Collateral held for securities lending	5,470,316	4,622,926	3,936,255	3,898,876	2,965,834	2,190,594
Total Liabilities	6,349,607	7,692,718	6,042,720	4,265,649	3,585,648	2,600,703
Net Position	\$91,826,002	\$70,977,922	\$70,343,741	\$34,747,898	\$27,267,014	\$25,779,057

(in thousands of dollars)

	DEFI	NED BENEFIT P	LANS			
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	2021	2020	2019	2021	2020	2019
ADDITIONS						
University and state contributions	\$2,705,058	\$2,444,025	\$2,408,650	\$102,705	\$85,401	\$56,528
Member and participant contributions	1,053,939	1,019,302	956,543	1,754,149	1,558,390	1,393,336
Investment income	21,457,573	1,185,573	4,021,547	7,304,010	1,381,931	1,403,652
Other income		414	796			
Total Additions	25,216,570	4,649,314	7,387,536	9,160,864	3,025,722	2,853,516
DEDUCTIONS						
Retirement, cost-of-living adjustments, lump sum cashouts, survivor, disability and death payments	4,144,612	3,800,561	3,676,263			
Member withdrawals	159,048	148,579	144,384			
UCRSP benefit payments and participant withdrawals				1,675,914	1,531,954	1,454,549
Administrative and other expenses	64,830	65,993	61,986	4,066	5,811	6,014
Total Deductions	4,368,490	4,015,133	3,882,633	1,679,980	1,537,765	1,460,563
Increase in net position for pension benefits	20,848,080	634,181	3,504,903	7,480,884	1,487,957	1,392,953
Net Position						
Beginning of Year	70,977,922	70,343,741	66,838,838	27,267,014	25,779,057	24,386,104
End of Year	\$91,826,002	\$70,977,922	\$70,343,741	\$34,747,898	\$27,267,014	\$25,779,057

Defined Benefit Plans

The DB Plans' net position at June 30, 2021 was \$91.8 billion compared to \$71.0 billion at June 30, 2020 and \$70.3 billion at June 30, 2019. The net position is available to meet the DB Plans' ongoing obligations to plan members, retirees and their beneficiaries. The net position of the DB Plans increased by \$20.8 billion, or 29.4 percent, in 2021 compared to an increase of \$0.6 billion, or 0.9 percent, in 2020 and an increase of \$3.5 billion, or 5.2 percent, in 2019.

The net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability, less the DB Plans' fiduciary net position. The total pension liability is determined based upon discounting projected benefit payments based on the benefit terms and legal agreements existing at the DB Plans' fiscal year end. Projected benefit payments are discounted using a single rate that reflects the expected rate of return on investments, to the extent that plan assets are available to pay benefits, and a tax-exempt, high-quality municipal bond rate when plan assets are not available. UCRP is projected to have assets sufficient to make projected benefit payments for current members for all future years.

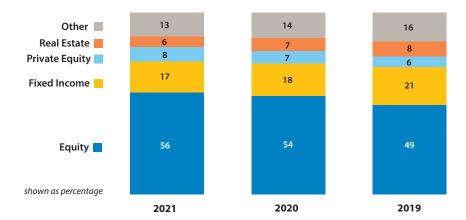
The net pension liability for the DB Plans was \$5.9 billion in 2021, \$21.7 billion in 2020 and \$18.1 billion in 2019. The decrease in net pension liability for 2021 of \$15.8 billion was primarily due to the 30.2 percent rate of return on market value of assets during 2021, which was greater than the expected rate of return of 6.75 percent. The increase in net pension liability for 2020 of \$3.6 billion was primarily due to the 1.7 percent rate of return on market value of assets during 2020, which was less than the expected rate of return on market value of assets during 2020, which was less than the expected rate of return of 6.75 percent. The ratio of plan net position to total pension liability was 93.9 percent in 2021, 76.6 percent in 2020 and 79.5 percent in 2019. For June 30, 2021, this indicates that, for every dollar of total pension liability, plan assets of \$0.94 are available to cover such obligations as compared to \$0.77 at July 1, 2020 and \$0.79 at July 1, 2019.

An analysis of the funding progress and University contributions and a discussion of actuarial assumptions and methods is set forth in the required supplementary information section of the financial statements. While all of UCRP's assets are available to pay any member's benefits, assets and liabilities for the campus and medical center segment of UCRP are tracked internally and separately from the Department of Energy (DOE) national laboratory segment of UCRP, and the DOE has a continuing obligation to fund UCRP benefits for the retirees of the laboratory segment.

Investments

The DB Plans' total investment rate of return (net of fees) was 30.5 percent in 2021, 1.7 percent in 2020 and 6.0 percent in 2019, compared to the DB Plans' total fund policy benchmark returns of 28.5 percent, 3.1 percent and 5.9 percent, respectively.

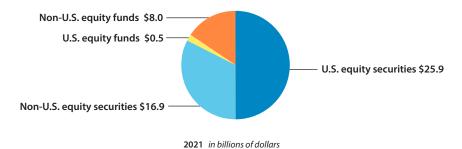
The asset allocation for the DB Plans' investment portfolio as of June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:



The DB Plans' investment portfolio has a standalone volatility risk measure of 15.9 percent. Approximately 92 percent of the risk measure is explained by global macroeconomic growth risk factors represented by broad, developed market equity index returns. Other risk factors include real interest rates, inflation, long-term and short-term fixed-income returns, commodities, and emerging markets represented by benchmark indexes relative to the underlying fixed income and other asset classes. The DB Plans' investment performance is attributed to these average weighted asset class percentages: 58.0 percent for public equities, 18.0 percent for fixed income, 23.0 percent for alternative and other investments, and 1.0 percent for cash.

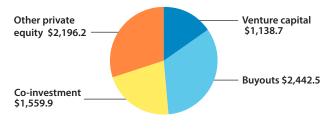
Equity Portfolio

The \$51.3 billion public equity portfolio (including commingled equity funds) is diversified across multiple strategic global economic and industry sectors within actively managed accounts of equity securities and passively managed index funds. Of the equity portfolio, \$42.8 billion, or 83.5 percent, was invested in U.S. and non-U.S. equity securities and \$8.5 billion, or 16.5 percent, was invested in U.S. and non-U.S. equity commingled funds. U.S. equity securities and commingled funds totaled \$26.4 billion, or 51.4 percent, and non-U.S. equity securities and commingled funds totaled \$24.9 billion, or 48.6 percent.



Private Equity Portfolio

The \$7.3 billion private equity segment is invested in venture capital partnerships, buyout funds and international private equity. The private equity segment includes \$1.1 billion in venture capital, \$2.4 billion in buyout funds, \$1.6 billion in co-investment and \$2.2 billion in other private equity investments. The private equity portfolio return was 54.7 percent in 2021, 9.4 percent in 2020 and 13.7 percent in 2019.



2021 in millions of dollars

Fixed Income Portfolio

The fixed-income portfolio of \$16.0 billion is invested primarily in high-quality, call-protected, global bonds. The fixed-income portfolio is comprised of U.S. government-guaranteed, fixed-income securities of \$5.7 billion, or 35.6 percent and other U.S. dollar-denominated, fixed-income securities of \$10.3 billion, or 64.4 percent.

At June 30, 2021, UCRP held \$16.0 billion in U.S. government securities, and other U.S. dollar-denominated and non-U.S. fixed-income securities, compared to \$12.7 billion at June 30, 2020 and \$11.8 billion at June 30, 2019. The U.S. Core Fixed-Income portfolio (excluding TIPS portfolio) earned a total return of 0.1 percent in 2021, 6.8 percent in 2020 and 7.4 percent in 2019, compared to the DB Plan's fixed-income policy benchmark returns of 0.4 percent, 8.7 percent and 7.9 percent, respectively.

As of June 30, 2021, TIPS are no longer part of the UCRP fixed income portfolio. There was \$0.3 billion in the TIPS portfolio at June 30, 2020 and \$2.1 billion at June 30, 2019. The TIPS portfolio earned a total return of 6.7 percent in 2021, 8.1 percent in 2020 and 5.1 percent in 2019, compared to the DB Plan's TIPS policy benchmark returns of 6.5 percent, 8.3 percent and 4.8 percent, respectively.

Approximately 35.6 percent of the \$16.0 billion fixed-income portfolio consists of U.S. government-guaranteed securities, and 64.4 percent of the portfolio consists of high-quality corporate issues rated investment-grade or better and government agency and asset-backed securities. There were no U.S. and non-U.S. bond funds and other lower-quality fixed-income securities in this year's portfolio.

The quality and diversification of fixed-income portfolio investments are allocated among the sectors illustrated below.



*Credit Ratings for U.S. Treasury Obligations: Guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States and rated AAA by Moody's and AA+ by Standard & Poor's.

Standard & Poor's (S&P):

Investment grade: AAA through BBB rated considered extremely strong capacity to adequate capacity to meet financial commitments.

• Non-investment grade: BB through CCC or below. Less vulnerable in the near-term to currently highly vulnerable.

Alternative Investments

At June 30, 2021, the DB Plans held \$5.5 billion in institutional real estate investments compared to \$5.1 billion in 2020 and \$5.5 billion in 2019. The private real estate portfolio earned a total return of 8.2 percent in 2021, (1.6) percent in 2020 and 6.5 percent in 2019, compared to policy benchmark returns of 5.2 percent, 3.9 percent and 6.5 percent, respectively.

At June 30, 2021, the DB Plans also held \$4.7 billion in absolute return diversified investments compared to \$4.5 billion in 2020 and \$4.7 billion in 2019. The absolute return diversified segment earned a total return of 21.8 percent in 2021, (2.4) percent in 2020 and 6.9 percent in 2019 compared to policy benchmark returns of 18.5 percent, (0.1) percent and 1.1 percent, respectively.

Separately, at June 30, 2021, the DB Plans held \$3.2 billion in real asset investments compared to \$2.4 billion in 2020 and \$1.5 billion in 2019. The real asset segment earned a total return of 11.5 percent in 2021 compared to 5.5 percent in 2020 and 3.8 percent in 2019.

For liquidity purposes, the DB Plans held \$3.3 billion in money market funds and the UC Short Term Investment Pool (STIP) in 2021 and \$3.3 billion in 2020 and \$4.9 billion in 2019.

UCRSP PLANS

UCRSP Plans provide savings incentives and the opportunity for additional retirement security for all eligible University of California employees. The University makes contributions to the UCRSP for Savings Choice participants. Participants' interests in the UCRSP Plans from contributions and investment income are fully and immediately vested. University contributions for Savings Choice participants vest after one year of service.

UCRSP's net position as of June 30, 2021 amounted to \$34.7 billion compared to \$27.3 billion at June 30, 2020 and \$25.8 billion at June 30, 2019. Additions to UCRSP's net position include contributions, rollovers and investment income. Participant and University contributions, and rollovers amounted to \$1.9 billion in 2021, \$1.6 billion in 2020 and \$1.4 billion in 2019.

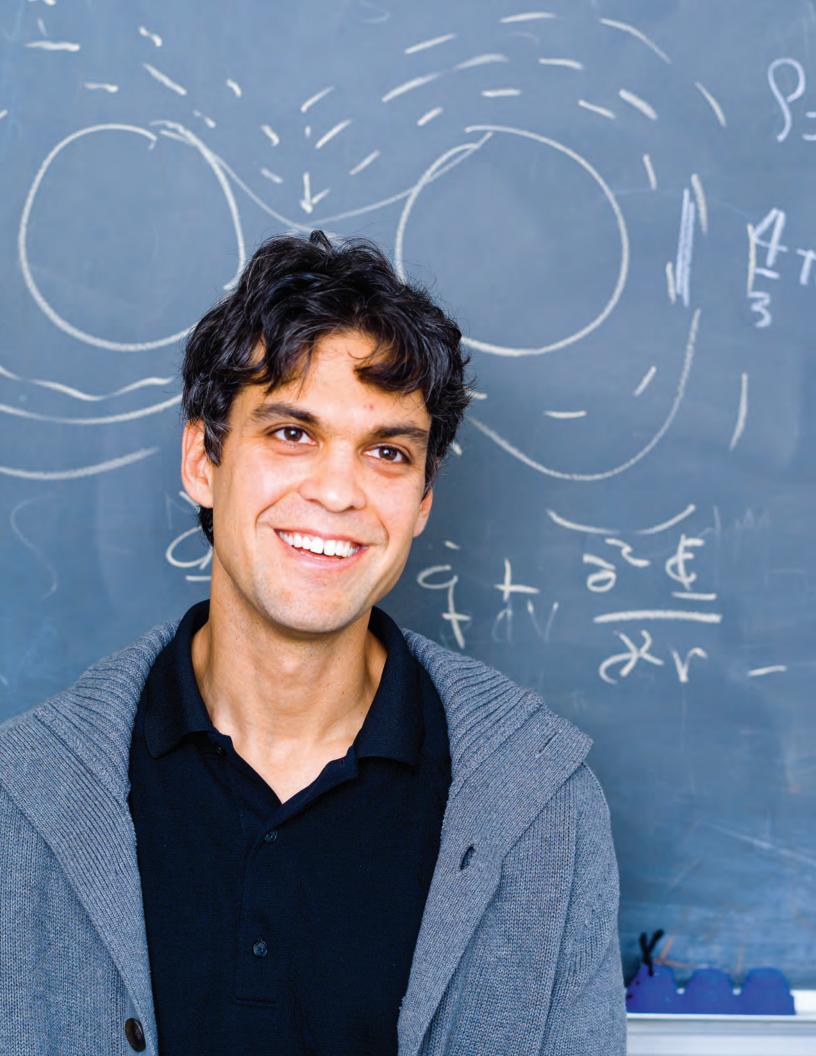
UCRSP recognized net investment income of \$7.3 billion in 2021 compared to net investment income of \$1.4 billion in 2020 and net investment income of \$1.4 billion in 2019. UCRSP Plan participants' investment selections influence the net investment income earned by the investment funds in the UCRSP Plans.

Deductions from UCRSP's net position include benefit payments to participants, participant withdrawals and administrative expenses. For 2021, deductions were \$1.7 billion compared to \$1.5 billion in 2020 and \$1.5 billion in 2019. The deductions fluctuate based upon withdrawals due to retirements and other factors including minimum required distributions and rollovers out of the UCRSP Plans.

The investments of UCRSP, overseen by the OCIO, are available to the securities lending program as a means to augment income. Cash collateral fluctuates in response to changes in demand from borrowers and the availability of securities. UCRSP's investment of cash collateral received for securities lending totaled \$3.9 billion at June 30, 2021, compared to \$3.0 billion at June 30, 2020 and \$2.2 billion at June 30, 2019. Securities lending activity contributed \$11.9 million in net investment income, after fees and rebates, in 2021, compared to \$12.4 million in 2020 and \$15.8 million in 2019.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

Certain information provided by the University, including written information as outlined above or oral statements made by its representatives, may contain forward-looking statements as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, that address activities, events or developments that the University expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future contain forward-looking information.



Report of Independent Auditors

TO THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA

We have audited the accompanying individual financial statements of the Defined Benefit Plans of the University of California Retirement System (which as described in Note 1 is comprised of the University of California Retirement Plan and the University of California Voluntary Early Retirement Incentive Program) and the University of California Retirement Savings Program ("UCRSP") of the University of California Retirement System (which as described in Note 1 is comprised of the Defined Contribution Plan, the Supplemental Defined Contribution Plan, the UC Tax-Deferred 403(b) Plan and the 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan), collectively referred to herein as the "Plans," which comprise the individual statements of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related individual statements of changes in fiduciary net position for the years then ended, and the related notes to the individual financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Individual Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the individual financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of individual financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the individual financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the individual financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the individual financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the individual financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the Plans' preparation and fair presentation of the individual financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plans' internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the individual financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the individual financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the individual financial positions of the Defined Benefit Plans and the University of California Retirement Savings Program as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the respective changes in their individual financial positions for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

The accompanying management's discussion and analysis on pages 17 through 22 and the required supplementary information on pages 53 to 57 are required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America to supplement the Plans' basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements of the Plans, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements of the Plans in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers ILP

San Francisco, California October 15, 2021

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

At June 30, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands of dollars)

	DEFINED E	ENEFIT PLANS	UCRSP		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
ASSETS					
Investments, at fair value:					
Equity securities:					
Domestic	\$25,938,817	\$20,119,157	\$13,136,181	\$9,916,896	
Foreign	16,866,478	11,820,760	4,729,013	3,308,992	
Fixed-income securities:					
U.S. government	5,678,406	4,678,620	4,241,663	4,025,537	
Other U.S. dollar-denominated	10,353,220	8,293,862	5,938,144	4,866,122	
Foreign		599			
Commingled funds	30,492,853	23,868,373	3,301,568	2,508,071	
Real estate	1,689,993	2,141,683			
Publicly traded real estate investment trusts	1,080,701	869,646	1,124,364	859,382	
Investment derivatives	4,729	(2,483)	363	3,065	
Total investments	92,105,197	71,790,217	32,471,296	25,488,065	
Investment of cash collateral	5,470,316	4,622,877	3,898,876	2,965,803	
Participants' interests in mutual funds			2,406,949	1,828,837	
Participant 403(b) Plan loans			188,974	194,829	
Receivables:					
Contributions	176,838	175,635	10	10	
Interest and dividends	64,446	38,217	23,113	22,614	
Securities sales and other	358,812	2,043,694	24,329	352,504	
Total receivables	600,096	2,257,546	47,452	375,128	
Total assets	98,175,609	78,670,640	39,013,547	30,852,662	
LIABILITIES					
Payable for securities purchased	188,915	2,370,805	362,725	615,871	
Member withdrawals, refunds and other payables	690,376	698,987	4,048	3,943	
Collateral held for securities lending	5,470,316	4,622,926	3,898,876	2,965,834	
Total liabilities	6,349,607	7,692,718	4,265,649	3,585,648	
Net position	\$91,826,002	\$70,977,922	\$34,747,898	\$27,267,014	

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands of dollars)

	DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS		UCRSP		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
University	\$2,705,058	\$2,444,025	\$102,705	\$85,401	
Members	1,053,939	1,019,302			
Participants			1,754,149	1,558,390	
Total contributions	3,758,997	3,463,327	1,856,854	1,643,791	
Investment income:					
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	19,003,955	70,294	6,734,363	908,078	
Interest, dividends and other investment income	2,428,033	1,085,994	557,698	461,484	
Securities lending income	32,291	86,766	16,161	46,437	
Less securities lending fees and rebates	(6,706)	(57,481)	(4,212)	(34,068)	
Total investment income	21,457,573	1,185,573	7,304,010	1,381,931	
Interest income from contributions receivable		414			
Total additions	25,216,570	4,649,314	9,160,864	3,025,722	
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefit payments and withdrawals:					
Retirement payments	2,997,875	2,833,231			
Member withdrawals	159,048	148,579			
Cost-of-living adjustments	642,027	602,156			
Lump sum cashouts	409,429	271,506			
Preretirement survivor payments	56,132	55,247			
Disability payments	30,583	30,181			
Death payments	8,566	8,240			
UCRSP benefit payments and participant withdrawals			1,675,914	1,531,954	
Total benefit payments and withdrawals	4,303,660	3,949,140	1,675,914	1,531,954	
Expenses:					
Plan administration and other expenses	64,830	65,993	4,066	5,811	
Total expenses	64,830	65,993	4,066	5,811	
Total deductions	4,368,490	4,015,133	1,679,980	1,537,765	
Increase in net position	20,848,080	634,181	7,480,884	1,487,957	
NET POSITION					
Beginning of Year	70,977,922	70,343,741	27,267,014	25,779,057	
End of Year	\$91,826,002	\$70,977,922	\$34,747,898	\$27,267,014	

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Notes to Financial Statements

Years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

1. DESCRIPTION OF THE PLANS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General Introduction

The University of California Retirement System (UCRS) is a valuable component of the comprehensive benefits package offered to employees of the University. UCRS consists of the two defined benefit plans and four defined contribution plans. The defined benefit plans (DB Plans) include the University of California Retirement Plan (UCRP) for members and the Voluntary Early Retirement Incentive Plan (UC-VERIP) for certain University employees that were members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) who elected early retirement. The University of California Retirement Savings Program (UCRSP) includes four defined contribution plans, collectively referred to as the UCRSP Plans: the Defined Contribution Plan (DC Plan), Supplemental Defined Contribution Plan (SDC Plan), Tax-Deferred 403(b) Plan (403(b) Plan) and 457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan (457(b) Plan). The Regents of the University of California (The Regents) acts as the trustee associated with each of the UCRS Plans other than the UCRSP Plans for which the Office of the Chief Investment Officer (OCIO) of The Regents acts as custodian. Administrative authority with respect to the UCRS Plans is vested in the President of the University (the President) as plan administrator, and the President has delegated that authority within UCRS, under University policies and procedures, to the Vice President — Human Resources.

Defined Benefit Plans

University of California Retirement Plan

UCRP is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan providing lifetime retirement income, disability protection, death benefits and postretirement and preretirement survivor benefits to certain eligible employees of the University and its affiliate, Hastings College of the Law, and their survivors and beneficiaries.

UCRP was established in 1961 and, prior to July 1, 2016, membership was required for all employees appointed to work at least 50 percent time for one year or more, or for an indefinite period, and certain academic employees are eligible for UCRP membership (or the Retirement Choice Program effective July 1, 2016) after working 1,000 hours (750 hours for the Non-Senate Instructional Unit) in a continuous 12-month period.

Generally, an employee is required to work for five years in order to become entitled to UCRP benefits. The amount of the monthly pension benefit is determined under the basic formula of covered compensation times age factor times years of service credit. The maximum monthly benefit cannot exceed 100 percent of the employee's eligible highest average plan compensation over a 36-month period. The annual benefit is also subject to limitations established by IRC §415. Annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) are made to monthly retirement benefits according to a specified formula based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI). Ad hoc COLAs may be granted subject to funding availability. Service accrued by a member with coordinated or noncoordinated benefits before July 1, 2013, is deemed to have been accrued in the 1976 Tier. If the member continues as an eligible employee after June 30, 2013, the member continues to accrue in the 1976 Tier until they incur a break of service.

For the period from July 1, 1987 to July 1, 1990, qualifying UCRP members could elect to participate in a noncontributory UCRP membership known as Tier Two. Tier Two provides a lower level of retirement income, disability protection and survivor benefits, calculated using specific Tier Two formulas based on the member's covered compensation times age factor times years of service credit.

Effective July 1, 2013, UCRP was amended to provide a new tier of pension benefits applicable to employees hired, or who returned to work after a tier break in service, on or after July 1, 2013 (2013 Tier). In the 2013 Tier, the earliest retirement age was increased from 50 to 55 and the age for the maximum age factor was increased to 65. There are no lump sum cashouts, inactive member COLAs or subsidized survivor annuities for spouses and domestic partners for 2013 Tier members.

Effective July 1, 2016, UCRP was amended to provide a new tier of pension benefits under the Retirement Choice Program. The new program tier provides eligible University employees hired (or becoming eligible) on or after July 1, 2016 (and certain eligible rehires who return to work after a tier break in service) a choice between two primary retirement benefits options: (1) Pension Choice, which is the UCRP pension benefit with covered compensation for new hires capped at the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) salary pensionable compensation limit (PEPRA maximum), \$126,291 for fiscal year 2021 and \$124,180 for fiscal year 2020, plus for new hires subject to the PEPRA maximum, a supplemental benefit to the DC Plan on eligible pay up to the IRC §401(a) (17) compensation limit (IRC compensation limit), \$285,000 for fiscal year 2021 and \$280,000 for fiscal year 2020; or (2) Savings Choice, which is a defined contribution plan-only option on eligible pay up to the IRC compensation limit.

On behalf of employees who participate in Savings Choice, the University also contributes 6.5 percent for fiscal year 2021 and 6.0 percent for fiscal year 2020 on eligible pay up to the IRC compensation limit into UCRP toward the unfunded liability.

Members' contributions are recorded separately and accrue interest at a rate determined by The Regents. Currently, member contributions accrue interest at an annual compounded rate of 6.0 percent, credited monthly. Upon termination, members may elect a refund of their contributions plus accumulated interest (and their Capital Accumulation Payment (CAP) balance if any). Vested terminated members who are eligible to retire may also elect a lump sum payment (excluding 2013 Tier and 2016 Tier) equal to the actuarially equivalent present value of their accrued benefits. Both actions forfeit the member's right to monthly benefits based on the same service credit.

From July 1, 1966, to June 30, 1971, UCRP contributions were required only from members who had reached age 30 and had at least one year of service. Member plan accounts designated Plan 02 were established to keep track of contributions that would have been made had a member been contributing during this period. Future retirement benefits for members with Plan 02 accounts are reduced to account for the contributions that were not made, unless the member repays the Plan 02 balance or attains a benefit percentage equal to 100 percent, based on service credit excluding the noncontributory period.

Certain UCRP members may also have a balance in UCRP consisting of CAP allocations, which were credited on behalf of eligible members on various dates in 1992, 1993, 1994, 2002 and 2003. Provided to supplement basic UCRP benefits, the allocations were equal to a percentage of the eligible member's covered compensation paid during the specified period. The CAP balance is generally payable in a lump sum at retirement or separation from service and includes interest credited monthly equal to an annual percentage yield (APY) of 8.5 percent for allocations made in 1992, 1993 and 1994. For allocations made in 2002 and 2003, the interest credited monthly is equal to the discount rate component of the actuarial equivalence basis under UCRP, which equates to an APY of 6.75 percent for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The APY applied to the 2002 and 2003 allocation will vary according to changes in the discount rate.

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, UCRP membership included:

	UCRP RETIREES AND MEMBERS		
	2021	2020	
Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	83,012	80,745	
Inactive plan members entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	106,291	99,156	
Active plan members:			
Vested	82,376	80,555	
Nonvested	48,722	54,398	
Total active plan members	131,098	134,953	
Total membership	320,401	314,854	

Employer contributions are made to UCRP on behalf of all members. The annual rate of University contributions is established pursuant to The Regents' funding policy.

University of California Voluntary Early Retirement Incentive Program

Some University employees became members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) before UCRP was established and continued to participate in CalPERS during their University employment after UCRP was established. The University of California contributed to CalPERS on behalf of these UC-affiliated CalPERS members. The UC-VERIP is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the University that provides lifetime supplemental retirement income and survivor benefits to UC-VERIP members who elected early retirement under CalPERS.

Generally, to participate in the UC-VERIP, an eligible employee was required to elect concurrent retirement under CaIPERS and the UC-VERIP effective October 1, 1991, and must have had a combined age plus service credit equal to 80 years as of September 30, 1991, if classified as a Qualified Academic Senate Faculty Member, or equal to 75 years if not classified as a Qualified Academic Senate Faculty Member. Of 1,579 eligible employees, 879 elected to retire under the UC-VERIP. As of June 30, 2021 and 2020, there were 384 and 422 retirees and beneficiaries, respectively, receiving benefits under the UC-VERIP. After eligible employees elected to participate, the UC-VERIP was closed to future participation.

No contributions are required as long as the UC-VERIP remains fully funded under the actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation.

Effective July 1, 2011, the UC-VERIP was amended, subject to funding availability, to provide annual cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) to monthly benefits according to the formula based on the Consumer Price Index that is used for UCRP. Ad hoc COLAs may also be granted subject to funding availability.

University of California Retirement Savings Program

The OCIO oversees the investment choices of the UCRSP. The fund choices are segmented into tiers I, II and III. Participants may direct investment of their contributions and transfer UCRSP plan accumulations to any of these funds. Participants' interests in UCRSP plans are fully and immediately vested and are distributable at death, retirement or termination of employment. University contributions for Savings Choice participants vest after one year of service. Participants may elect to defer distribution until age 72 (age 70 ½ for those born prior to July 1, 1949), or separation from service, whichever is later, in accordance with IRC §401(a)(9) minimum distribution requirements. In-service withdrawals are permitted in conformance with the IRC regulations applicable to each plan.

TIER I — Target Date Funds

UC Pathway Funds: • Income, 2020, 2025, 2030, 2035, 2040, 2045, 2050, 2055, 2060 and 2065

TIER II — Main Fund Menu - Bond and Stock Investments

Bond Investments:	Foreign Stock Investments:
• UC Savings Fund	· UC International Equity Index Fund
· UC Bond Fund	· UC Diversified International Fund
· UC Short Term TIPS Fund	· UC Emerging Markets Equity Fund
· UC TIPS Fund	Specialty Stock Funds
Domestic Stock Investments:	· UC Global Equity Ex-Fossil Fuel Fund
 UC Domestic Equity Index Fund 	· UC Real Estate Fund
· UC Growth Company Fund	 UC Social Equity Fund

· UC Domestic Small Cap Index Fund

TIER III — BrokerageLink®

Fidelity BrokerageLink combines the convenience of a workplace retirement plan with the additional flexibility of a brokerage account, and expanded investment choices to manage retirement contributions. The UCRSP plan fiduciary neither evaluates nor monitors the investments available through BrokerageLink. It is the participants' responsibility to ensure that the investments selected are suitable for participants' situation(s), including goals, time horizon and risk tolerance.

Defined Contribution Plan

Under the Retirement Choice Program, for employees who elect Savings Choice, which works much like a 401(k) plan, both the University and the participants make mandatory DC Plan retirement contributions, on a pretax basis, on eligible pay up to the IRC compensation limit. The participant contributes 7.0 percent, and the University contributes 8.0 percent. University contributions under Savings Choice are fully vested after one year of service credit. For employees who elect Pension Choice and who are subject to the PEPRA maximum, both the University and the participants make mandatory DC Plan retirement contributions on a pretax basis. University contributions under Pension Choice are fully vested after five years of service credit. For designated faculty, the University contributes 5.0 percent on all eligible pay up to the IRC compensation limit. For staff, the University contributes 3.0 percent on eligible pay above the PEPRA maximum up to the IRC compensation limit. Both designated faculty and staff contribute 7.0 percent on eligible pay above the PEPRA maximum up to the IRC compensation limit. The University may also contribute on behalf of eligible senior managers.

After five years of service, Savings Choice participants are permitted to prospectively elect Pension Choice. The second choice window opens on January 1 following the completion of five years of service and closes on May 31 five years later. The Pension Choice election becomes effective on the next July 1.

The DC Plan Pretax Account also includes mandatory contributions from part-time, seasonal and temporary employees at the University who are not currently participating in UCRP or another defined benefit plan to which the University contributes (Pretax Account participants). Pretax participation includes certain University student employees and resident aliens with F-1 and J-1 visa status. Pretax participants contribute 7.5 percent of their gross salary (up to the Social Security wage base) to the DC Plan in lieu of deductions for Social Security taxes.

All University employees, except students who normally work fewer than 20 hours per week, are eligible to make voluntary contributions to the DC Plan After-Tax Account and defer taxation on their earnings until the accumulations are withdrawn. The maximum amount that participants may contribute annually to the After-Tax Account is determined by the IRC §415(c) limit.

Pursuant to the March 27, 2020 adoption of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security CARES Act, on May 20, 2020 The Regents approved an amendment to the DC Plan permitting qualified participants to request coronavirus-related in-service distributions, subject to restrictions defined under the CARES Act. The provisions of the CARES Act amendment are effective through December 31, 2020.

The Supplemental Defined Contribution Plan (SDC Plan) accepts employer contributions on behalf of certain designated employees. Employer contributions are fully vested, and there is no provision for employee contributions. For the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, the SDC did not have any participants, assets or contributions.

Tax-Deferred 403(b) Plan

The University makes 403(b) Plan retirement contributions on the summer salaries of eligible academic appointees who teach, conduct research or provide administrative service during the summer session or an equivalent term. To be eligible, the academic appointee must hold an academic year appointment and be an active member of UCRP or another defined benefit plan to which the University contributes, be a Savings Choice participant, or be eligible for a primary retirement benefit option under the Retirement Choice Program even if not yet participating. The contribution rate is 7.0 percent of eligible summer salary, of which 3.5 percent is University-paid and 3.5 percent is employee-paid, both on a pretax basis.

The 403(b) Plan is available to all University employees except students who normally work fewer than 20 hours per week. Employees who want to participate in the 403(b) Plan designate a portion of their gross salary within the IRC limits to be contributed on a pretax basis, thus reducing their taxable income. Income taxes on contributions and any earnings are deferred (that is, postponed) until the participant withdraws the money. The University also makes 403(b) Plan contributions on behalf of eligible senior managers.

Annual salary deferral contribution limits for the 403(b) Plan during fiscal year 2020-2021 were as follows: the maximum annual contribution limit for participants under age 50 for the calendar year 2020 was \$19,500 and for calendar year 2021 was \$19,500 (or 100 percent of adjusted gross salary, if less). For participants age 50 or older, the total annual contribution limit for calendar year 2021 was \$26,000, and for calendar year 2021 was \$26,000, (or 100 percent of adjusted gross salary, if less). Participants with 15 or more years of service may be able to increase their limit under additional catch-up provisions.

Pursuant to the March 27, 2020 adoption of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security CARES Act, on May 20, 2020 The Regents approved amendments to the 403(b) Plan permitting qualified participants to request coronavirus-related loans, subject to restrictions defined under the CARES Act, and allow active participants with an outstanding plan loan a grace period of one year during which the participant may suspend any loan repayments that otherwise would have been owed. The provisions of the CARES Act amendments are effective through December 31, 2020.

457(b) Deferred Compensation Plan

The 457(b) Plan is available to all University employees except students who normally work fewer than 20 hours per week. Taxes on contributions (deferred compensation) and earnings thereon are deferred until the accumulations are withdrawn. The University may also make 457(b) Plan contributions on behalf of eligible senior managers. The deferred compensation limits for the 457(b) Plan were the same as the 403(b) Plan limits (described in the previous section) during fiscal year 2020-2021.

Pursuant to the March 27, 2020 adoption of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security CARES Act, on May 20, 2020 The Regents approved an amendment to the 457(b) Plan permitting qualified participants to request coronavirus-related in-service distributions, subject to restrictions defined under the CARES Act. The provisions of the CARES Act amendment are effective through December 31, 2020.

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The UCRS Plans follow accounting principles issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Valuation of Investments

Investments are measured and reported at fair value. Securities are generally valued at the last sale price on the last business day of the fiscal year, as quoted on a recognized exchange or by utilizing an industry-standard pricing service, when available. Securities for which no sale was reported as of the close of the last business day of the fiscal year are valued at the quoted bid price of an exchange or a dealer who regularly trades in the security being valued. Investment in nonexchange traded debt and equity investments are valued using inputs provided by independent pricing services or by brokers/dealers who actively trade in these markets. Certain securities may be valued on a basis of a price provided by a single source.

Investments also include private equities, absolute return funds, real estate, real asset and certain corporate asset-backed securities. Private equities include venture capital partnerships, buyout and international funds. Fair values for interests in private equity, absolute return partnerships, real assets and real estate partnerships are based on valuations provided by the general partners of the respective partnerships. The valuations are primarily based on the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the underlying investments. The NAV is reported by the external investment managers, including general partners, in accordance with their policies as described in their respective financial statements and offering memoranda. The most recent NAV is adjusted for capital calls, distributions and significant known valuation changes, if any, of its related portfolio through June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Interests in certain direct investments in real estate are estimated based upon independent appraisals. Because the private equity, real estate and absolute return partnerships, along with direct investments in real estate, are not readily marketable, their estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ significantly from the value that would be used had a ready market for such investments existed. These investments are generally less liquid than other investments, and the value reported may differ from the values that would have been reported had a ready market for these investments existed.

For other investments, the UCRS Plans consider various factors to estimate fair value, such as the timing of the transaction, the market in which the company operates, comparable transactions, company performance and projections as well as discounted cash flow analysis. The selection of an appropriate technique may be affected by the availability and general reliability of relevant inputs. In some cases, one valuation technique may provide the best indication of fair value, while in other circumstances, multiple valuation techniques may be appropriate. Furthermore, the UCRS Plans may review the investment's underlying portfolio as well as engage external appraisers, depending on the nature of the investment.

The UCRS Plans exercise due diligence in assessing the external managers' use of and adherence to fair value principles. In conjunction with these procedures, estimated fair value is determined by consideration of a wide range of factors, including market conditions, redemption terms and restrictions, and risks inherent in the inputs of the external investment managers' valuations. In situations where the information provided by the external manager is deemed to not be representative of the fair value as of the measurement date, management evaluates specific features of the investment and utilizes supplemental fair value information provided by the external manager along with any relevant market data to measure the investment's fair value.

Investments in registered investment companies are valued based upon the reported net asset value of those companies. Mortgage loans, held as investments, are valued on the basis of their future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. Insurance contracts are valued at contract value, plus reinvested interest, which approximates fair value.

Investments denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar equivalents using year-end spot foreign currency exchange rates. Purchases and sales of investments and their related income are translated at the rate of exchange on the respective transaction dates. Realized and unrealized gains and losses resulting from foreign currency changes are included in the UCRS Plans' statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

Investment transactions are recorded on the date the securities are purchased or sold (trade date). Realized gains or losses are recorded as the difference between the proceeds from the sale and the average cost of the investment sold. Dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date, and interest income is accrued as earned. Gifts of securities are recorded based on fair value at the date of donation.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative instruments are recorded at fair value. Futures contracts, foreign currency exchange contracts, stock rights and warrants, options and swaptions are valued at the settlement price on the last day of the fiscal year, as quoted on a recognized exchange or by utilizing an industry-standard pricing service, when available. Financial institutions or independent advisors have estimated the fair value of the interest rate swaps and total return swaps using quoted market prices when available or discounted expected future net cash flows.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses are incurred in connection with the operation of UCRS for costs such as staff salaries and benefits, OCIO operations, information systems, leased space, supplies and equipment, and professional services rendered by the benefits consultants, legal counsel and independent auditor, which are paid from UCRS' assets.

For the UCRSP Plans, investment management, trading, trust and custody expenses are deducted from investment income. The UCRSP Plans charge a per-participant administrative fee to cover costs of plan administrative services. The single quarterly fee applies regardless of how many plan accounts a participant holds. Administrative fees are used to pay for investor education, accounting, audit, legal and recordkeeping services.

Administrative expenses are assessed to the UC-VERIP through an annual account servicing charge of \$10 per retiree.

Status Under the IRC

UCRP is intended to qualify under IRC §401(a) and the regulations thereunder and the UCRP trust is intended to be exempt from taxation under IRC §501(a). In a letter to the University dated November 8, 2007, the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) confirmed its determination that the plan provisions of UCRP, as amended through December 11, 2002 (other than amendments authorized by the Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001), met the requirements for qualification under IRC §401(a). Since then, UCRP has been amended to comply with subsequent tax acts and state laws and to make certain design changes recommended by the President and approved by The Regents. A request for a determination on UCRP, as amended, was submitted to the IRS on January 29, 2016, within Cycle E for governmental plans. The University received a favorable determination letter dated April 5, 2017.

The UC-VERIP is intended to satisfy the qualification requirements under IRC §401(a) and its trust is intended to be exempt from taxation under IRC §501(a).

On August 12, 2013, the IRS confirmed its determination that the form of the DC Plan met the requirements for qualification under IRC §401(a). Since then, the DC Plan has been amended to comply with subsequent tax acts and state laws and to make certain design changes recommended by the President and approved by The Regents. The University has requested that the IRS issue an updated determination letter on the DC Plan, as amended. A request for an updated determination letter was submitted to the IRS on January 29, 2016. The University received a favorable determination letter dated April 5, 2017.

Separately, the University has requested that the IRS issue a favorable determination letter on the SDC Plan. The SDC Plan is intended to satisfy the qualification requirements of IRC §401(a) and its trust is intended to be exempt from taxation under IRC §501(a). The SDC Plan was intended to be used in conjunction with a defined contribution plan described in IRC §415(m). However, the IRS declined to rule on the 415(m) portion, so the University opted to withdraw its request for a determination on the SDC Plan.

The 403(b) Plan is intended to satisfy the requirements of IRC §403(b). The 457(b) Plan is intended to satisfy the requirements of IRC §457(b).

To the best of tax counsel's knowledge, the UCRS Plans have been administered in accordance with their terms and the applicable provisions of the IRC and the regulations thereunder, in all material respects.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Although management believes the estimates and assumptions are reasonable, they are based upon information available at the time the estimate or judgment is made, and actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

2. INVESTMENTS

The Regents, as the governing board and as trustee, is responsible for the oversight of the UCRS Plans' investments and establishes investment policies for the DB Plans and UCRSP, which are carried out by the Office of the Chief Investment Officer (OCIO). The OCIO has primary fiduciary responsibility for investing UCRS' assets consistent with the policies established by The Regents.

Participation in the UC Short Term Investment Pool (STIP) maximizes the returns on short-term cash balances in the UCRS Plans by taking advantage of the economies of scale of investing in a large pool with a broad range of maturities. STIP is managed to maximize current earned income. The available cash in UCRS Plans awaiting investment or for administrative expenses is also invested in STIP. Investments authorized by The Regents for STIP include fixed-income securities with a maximum maturity of 5.5 years. In addition, for STIP, The Regents has also authorized loans, primarily to faculty members residing in California, under the University's Mortgage Origination Program with terms of up to 40 years.

Investments authorized by The Regents for the UCRS Plans' investment pools and separate investments include equity securities, fixed-income securities and certain other asset classes. The equity portion of the investment portfolios may include both domestic and foreign common and preferred stocks, and actively managed and passive strategies, along with exposure to private equities. Private equities include venture capital partnerships, buyouts and international funds. Investment portfolios may include certain foreign currency-denominated equity securities.

The fixed-income portion of the investment portfolios may include both domestic and foreign securities, along with certain securitized investments, including mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities. Fixed-income investment guidelines permit the use of futures and options on fixed-income instruments in the ongoing management of the portfolios. Real estate investments and real assets are authorized for the UCRS Plans. Absolute return strategies, which may incorporate short sales, plus derivative positions to implement or hedge an investment position, are also authorized for the UCRS Plans.

	TARGET ALLOCATION
Asset class	
U.S. Equity	31.2%
Developed International Equity	14.4
Emerging Market Equity	7.4
Core Fixed Income	13.0
High-Yield Bonds	2.5
Emerging Market Debt	1.5
Real Estate	7.0
Private Credit	3.5
Private Equity	12.0
Absolute Return	3.5
Real Assets	4.0
Total	100.0%

The following is The Regents' adopted target asset allocation policy for the DB Plans investment pool as of June 30, 2021:

Annual Money-Weighted Rates of Return

A money-weighted rate of return considers the changing amounts actually invested during a period and weights the amount of pension plan investments by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. For the DB Plans, the annual money-weighted rates of return, net of investment expenses, adjusted for changing amounts actually invested were 30.2 percent and 1.7 percent for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

The composition of investments and derivative instruments, by investment type, at June 30, 2021 and 2020, is as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)				
	DEFINED BE	NEFIT PLANS	UC	RSP
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Equity securities:				
Domestic	\$25,938,817	\$20,119,157	\$13,136,181	\$9,916,896
Foreign	16,866,478	11,820,760	4,729,013	3,308,992
Equity Securities	42,805,295	31,939,917	17,865,194	13,225,888
Fixed-income securities:				
U.S. government-guaranteed:				
U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds	4,695,277	2,804,722	2,682,513	2,592,029
U.S. Treasury strips	483,855	1,605,836		
U.S. TIPS		260,055	1,398,240	1,238,437
U.S. government-backed mortgage-backed securities	499,274	8,007	160,910	195,071
U.S. Government-Guaranteed	5,678,406	4,678,620	4,241,663	4,025,537
Other U.S. dollar-denominated:				
Corporate bonds	4,695,376	3,142,621	1,208,370	1,102,521
Commercial paper				63,625
U.S. agencies		571,807	3,805	4,012
U.S. agencies asset-backed securities	1,730,391	1,747,775	4,364,748	3,362,761
Corporate asset-backed securities		268,817	50,445	61,353
Supranational/foreign	3,921,935	2,539,410	295,217	262,190
Other	5,518	23,432	15,559	9,660
Other U.S. Dollar-Denominated	10,353,220	8,293,862	5,938,144	4,866,122
Foreign currency-denominated:				
Corporate		599		
Foreign Currency-Denominated		599		
Commingled funds:				
Absolute return	4,695,036	4,492,152		
U.S. equity funds	413,374	392,710	2,560,893	1,500,391
Non-U.S. equity funds	8,042,236	6,186,670		
U.S. bond funds			121,562	
Non-U.S. bond funds	14	14		
Private equity	7,337,326	5,050,083		
Private credit	741,901			
Real assets	3,235,720	2,350,466		
Real estate investment trusts	2,714,303	2,135,084		
Money market funds*	3,312,943	3,261,194	619,113	1,007,680
Commingled Funds	30,492,853	23,868,373	3,301,568	2,508,071
Real estate	1,689,993	2,141,683		
Publicly traded real estate investment trusts	1,080,701	869,646	1,124,364	859,382
Investment derivatives	4,729	(2,483)	363	3,065
Total Investments	\$92,105,197	\$71,790,217	\$32,471,296	\$25,488,065

(in thousands of dollars)

*Includes investments of \$2,190,510 by DB Plans and \$250,536 by UCRSP in the STIP as of June 30, 2021.

The amounts as of June 30, 2020 were \$1,442,978 and \$405,749, respectively.

Investment Risk Factors

There are many factors that can affect the value of investments. Some, such as custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk and foreign currency risk, may affect both equity and fixed-income securities. Equity securities respond to such factors as economic conditions, individual company earnings performance and market liquidity, while fixed-income securities are particularly sensitive to credit risks and changes in interest rates. Alternative investment strategies and their underlying assets and rights are also subject to an array of economic and market vagaries that can limit or erode value.

Credit Risk

Fixed-income securities are subject to credit risk, which is the chance that a bond issuer will fail to pay interest on principal in a timely manner, or that negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make these payments will cause security prices to decline. These circumstances may arise due to a variety of factors, such as financial weakness, bankruptcy, litigation and/or adverse political developments.

A bond's credit quality is an assessment of the issuer's ability to pay interest on the bond, and ultimately to pay the principal. Credit quality is evaluated by one of the independent bond rating agencies, for example, Moody's Investors Service (Moody's) or Standard and Poor's (S&P). The lower the rating, the greater the chance, in the rating agency's opinion, that the bond issuer will default, or fail to meet its payment obligations. Generally, the lower a bond's credit rating, the higher its yield should be to compensate for the additional risk.

Certain fixed-income securities, including obligations of the U.S. government or those explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, are not considered to have credit risk.

Asset-backed securities are debt obligations that represent claims to the cash flows from pools of commercial, mortgage, credit card or student loans. Mortgage-backed securities issued by Ginnie Mae are backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. government.

The investment guidelines for STIP recognize that a limited amount of credit risk, properly managed and monitored, is prudent and provides incremental risk-adjusted return over its benchmark. The combined benchmark for STIP is a 50/50 weighted average of the yield on a constant maturity one-year U.S. Treasury Note and U.S. 30-day Treasury Bills.

The Regents recognizes that credit risk is appropriate in balanced investment pools such as UCRS Plans by virtue of the benchmark chosen for the fixed-income portion of the pool.

The Barclays Capital U.S. Aggregate Bond Index is the fixed-income benchmark for the UCRSP, and is composed of approximately 26.5 percent corporate bonds and 34.2 percent mortgage/asset-backed securities, all of which carry some degree of credit risk. The remaining 39.3 percent is composed of government-issued bonds. The core fixed-income benchmark for the defined benefit plans is the Barclays 1-5 Year US Government/Credit Index, comprised of 26.3 percent corporate bonds and 7.0 percent non-corporate bonds, all of which carry some degree of credit risk. The remaining 66.7 percent is government issued bonds.

In addition, the investment policies for UCRS Plans allow for dedicated allocations to non-investment-grade and emerging market bonds, investment that entails credit, default and/or sovereign risk.

The credit risk profile for fixed- or variable-income securities at June 30, 2021 and 2020, is as follows:

	DEFINED BE	ENEFIT PLANS	UCRSP		
-	2021	2020	2021	2020	
U.S. government-guaranteed	\$5,678,406	\$4,678,620	\$4,241,663	\$4,025,537	
Other U.S. dollar-denominated:					
AAA	711,897	399,984	1,501,669	978,669	
AA	506,577	317,242	2,426,597	1,450,732	
A	2,026,453	1,082,146	328,141	306,074	
BBB	2,957,761	1,819,211	534,593	515,245	
BB	977,438	1,089,306	250,898	196,680	
В	899,597	867,325	148,867	116,270	
ССС	288,360	270,656	58,751	30,161	
D	14,671				
Not rated	1,970,466	2,447,992	688,628	1,272,291	
Foreign currency-denominated:					
В		599			
Commingled funds:					
U.S. bond funds: Not rated			121,562		
Non-U.S. bond funds: Not rated	14	14			
Money market funds: Not rated	3,312,943	3,261,194	619,113	1,007,680	

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the custodian, the investments may not be returned. Substantially all of the UCRS Plans' securities are registered in the name of The Regents by the custodial bank. Other types of investments, such as private investments, commingled funds, real estate and derivatives, represent ownership interests that do not exist in physical or book-entry form. As a result, custodial credit risk for such investments is remote.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk associated with a lack of diversification, such as having substantial investments in a few individual issuers, thereby exposing UCRS Plans to greater risks resulting from adverse economic, political, regulatory, geographic or credit developments.

The U.S. and non-U.S. equity portions of UCRS may be managed either passively or actively. For the portion managed passively, the concentration of individual securities is similar to their concentration in the benchmark. While some securities have a larger representation in the benchmark than others, The Regents considers that passive management results in an absence of concentration of credit risk. For the portion managed actively, asset class guidelines do not specifically address concentration risk, but do state that the equity asset class in the aggregate will be appropriately diversified to control overall risk and will exhibit portfolio characteristics similar to the asset class benchmark (including concentration of credit risk). Concentration risk for individual portfolios is monitored relative to their individual benchmarks and agreed-upon risk parameters in their guidelines.

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, no single issuer comprised more than 5 percent or more of investments held by the UCRS Plans.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of fixed-income securities will decline because of changing interest rates. The prices of fixedincome securities with a longer time to maturity, measured by effective duration, tend to be more sensitive to changes in interest rates and, therefore, more volatile than those with shorter durations. Effective duration is the approximate change in the price of a security resulting from a 100-basis-point (1-percentage-point) change in the level of interest rates. It is not a measure of time.

Interest rate risk for STIP is managed by constraining the maturity of all individual securities to be less than or equal to 12 months. There is no restriction on weighted average maturity of the portfolio as it is managed relative to the liquidity demands of the investors. The nature and maturity of individual securities in STIP allow for the use of weighted average maturity as an effective risk management tool, rather than the more complex measure, effective duration.

Portfolio guidelines for the core fixed-income portion of the UCRS Plans' investment portfolio limit the weighted average effective duration of the portfolio to the effective duration of the Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index benchmark, plus or minus 20 percent. These portfolio guidelines constrain the potential price movement due to interest rate changes of the portfolio being similar to that of the benchmark. There are similar restrictions for the high-yield and emerging market debt portfolios relative to their benchmarks.

The effective duration for fixed-income securities at June 30, 2021 and 2020, is as follows:

	DEFINED BE	NEFIT PLANS	UC	RSP
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Fixed-income securities:				
U.S. government-guaranteed:				
U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds	2.6	5.1	8.9	7.3
U.S. Treasury strips	3.4	7.6		
U.S. TIPS		6.2	5.7	6.0
U.S. government-backed mortgage-backed securities	4.1	0.6	3.9	0.5
Other U.S. dollar-denominated:				
Corporate bonds	3.1	6.4	7.3	7.4
U.S. agencies		6.2	18.0	19.1
U.S. agencies asset-backed securities	4.6	1.3	2.4	1.4
Corporate asset-backed securities		0.6	4.5	4.7
Supranational/foreign	5.6	7.2	5.8	6.4
Other	2.4	15.9	13.1	16.6
Foreign currency-denominated:				
Corporate		1.8		
Commingled funds:				
U.S. bond funds			6.6	
Non-U.S. bond funds	8.5	8.3		
Money market funds		0.4		0.4

effective duration for fixed-income securities at June 30, 2021 and 2020, is as follows:

The money market funds consist of underlying securities that are of a short-term, liquid nature.

Investments may also include various mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations, structured notes, variablerate securities and callable bonds that may be considered to be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to the existence of prepayment or conversion features. Although the effective durations of the securities may be low, they are considered to be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the fair values of such investments are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)					
	DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS		UC	RSP	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Mortgage-backed securities	\$2,229,666	\$1,629,190	\$3,894,105	\$3,122,730	
Collateralized mortgage obligations		182,153	70,108	64,240	
Other asset-backed securities		213,258	612,642	432,214	
/ariable-rate securities	1,136,378	578,355	157,447	81,599	
Structured notes	670,045	575	1,501,504		
Callable bonds	4,578,465	3,564,201	4,567,904	3,086,602	
Convertible bonds	2,526		778		
Total	\$8,617,080	\$6,167,732	\$10,804,488	\$6,787,385	

Mortgage-Backed Securities. These securities are issued by Fannie Mae, Ginnie Mae and Freddie Mac, and various commercial entities and may include short embedded prepayment options. Unanticipated prepayments by the obligees of the underlying asset reduce the total expected rate of return.

Collateralized Mortgage Obligations. Collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs) generate a return based upon the payment of either interest or principal on mortgages in an underlying pool. The relationship between interest rates and prepayments makes the fair value highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. In falling interest rate environments, the underlying mortgages are subject to a higher propensity of prepayments. In rising interest rate environments, the opposite is true.

Other Asset-Backed Securities. Other asset-backed securities also generate a return based upon the payment of either interest or principal on obligations in an underlying pool, generally associated with auto loans or credit cards. As with CMOs, the relationship between interest rates and prepayments makes the fair value highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

Variable-Rate Securities. These securities are investments with terms that provide for the adjustment of their interest rates on set dates and are expected to have fair values that will be relatively unaffected by interest rate changes. Variable-rate securities may have limits on how high or low the interest rate may go. These constraints may affect the market value of the security.

Callable Bonds. Although bonds are issued with clearly defined maturities, an issuer may be able to redeem, or call, a bond earlier than its maturity date. The called bond must then be replaced with a bond that may have a lower yield than the original. The call feature causes the fair value to be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates.

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the effective durations for these securities are as follows:

	DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS		UCRSP	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Mortgage-backed securities	4.5	1.2	2.6	1.2
Collateralized mortgage obligations		2.1	5.3	5.3
Other asset-backed securities			1.5	2.3
Variable-rate securities	3.6	2.1	5.1	6.8
Structured notes	2.9	(1.6)	5.7	
Callable bonds	3.8	6.3	3.5	3.7
Convertible bonds	2.6		2.4	

Foreign Currency Risk

The Regents' strategic asset allocation policies include allocations to non-U.S. equities and non-dollar-denominated bonds. The benchmarks for these investments are not hedged; therefore, the investment strategies include foreign currency risk. Portfolio guidelines for U.S. investment-grade, fixed-income securities also allow exposure to non-U.S. dollar-denominated bonds up to 10 percent of the total portfolio market value. Exposure to foreign currency risk from these securities is permitted, and it may be fully or partially hedged using forward foreign currency exchange contracts. Under The Regents' investment policies, such instruments are not permitted for speculative use or to create leverage. Similar limits on foreign exchange exposure apply to the high-yield debt and emerging market debt portfolios. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the foreign currency risk expressed in U.S. dollars, organized by currency denomination and investment type, are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	DEFINED BE	NEFIT PLANS	UCRSP		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Equity securities:					
Euro	\$4,080,689	\$2,913,768	\$1,092,079	\$770,226	
British Pound	1,640,066	1,119,096	489,906	337,324	
Japanese Yen	2,345,553	1,954,046	804,141	641,694	
Swiss Franc	1,173,436	925,262	306,814	240,596	
South Korean Won	851,114	509,491	151,448	89,838	
Canadian Dollar	1,012,185	697,754	365,612	236,906	
New Taiwan Dollar	739,613	433,401	139,207	82,931	
Indian Rupee	588,703	341,835	112,675	61,752	
Australian Dollar	624,805	443,542	241,332	163,763	
Hong Kong Dollar	1,622,509	1,027,404	395,569	258,301	
Swedish Krona	466,415	312,460	146,671	87,830	
South African Rand	165,157	116,308	39,813	28,919	
Thailand Baht	94,563	104,615	18,597	17,522	
Danish Krone	252,213	176,139	86,373	57,481	
Singapore Dollar	88,048	69,059	31,794	23,450	
Norwegian Krone	120,488	78,110	32,157	18,469	
Brazilian Real	192,283	137,537	59,725	39,605	
Mexican Peso	78,410	51,494	19,367	13,104	
Chinese Yuan	210,589	112,968	55,122	36,830	
Other	519,639	296,471	55,122 140,611	36,830 102,451	
Subtotal	16,866,478	11,820,760	4,729,013	3,308,992	
Fixed-income securities:	10,000,470	11,020,700	4,725,015	3,300,772	
Euro		599			
Subtotal		599			
Commingled funds		577	-		
Various currency denominations:					
Non-U.S. equity funds	8,042,236	6,186,670			
Real assets	211,571	163,561			
Private equity	434,925	207,238			
Non-U.S. bond funds	14	14			
Subtotal	8,688,746	6,557,483			
Investment derivatives:	0,000,740	0,337,403			
			(52)	(16	
Hong Kong Dollar Australian Dollar	0	F	(53)	(16	
	8	5	(36)	77 124	
Canadian Dollar Britich Bound	185	155	(127)	124	
British Pound			(137)	147	
Japanese Yen	1.00	704	(225)	(440	
Euro	168	721	(260)	627	
Other	131	37	(29)	62	
Subtotal Real estate	492	918	(625)	581	
Real estate					
Publicly traded real estate investment trusts:	22.027	25.262	11 (02	0.075	
Euro	33,927	25,362	11,682	8,065	
Australian Dollar	51,539	35,309	18,281	11,643	
British Pound	39,282	27,559	13,475	9,182	
Japanese Yen	71,008	55,085	24,814	17,830	
Singapore Dollar	24,482	22,239	8,929	7,176	
South African Rand	5,293	2,881	505	258	
Canadian Dollar	13,388	8,528	4,504	2,985	
Mexican Peso	4,106	2,424	458	297	
Other	17,990	13,637	5,446	4,413	
Subtotal	261,015	193,024	88,094	61,849	
Total exposure to foreign currency risk	\$25,816,731	\$18,572,784	\$4,816,482	\$3,371,422	

3. SECURITIES LENDING

UCRS Plans participate in a securities lending program as a means to augment income. Securities invested by the OCIO are lent to selected brokerage firms for which collateral received equals or exceeds the fair value of such investments during the period of the loan. Securities loans immediately terminate upon notice by either the UCRS Plans or the borrower. Collateral may be cash or securities issued by the U.S. government or its agencies, or the sovereign or provincial debt of foreign countries. Collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by the UCRS Plans unless the borrower defaults.

Loans of domestic equities and all fixed-income securities are initially collateralized at 102 percent of the fair value of securities lent. Loans of foreign equities are initially collateralized at 105 percent. All borrowers are required to provide additional collateral by the next business day if the value of the collateral falls to less than 100 percent of the fair value of securities lent.

Cash collateral received from the borrower is invested by lending agents, as agents for the UCRS Plans, in investment pools in the name of the UCRS Plans, with guidelines approved by the UCRS Plans. These investments are shown as investment of cash collateral in the statements of net position. At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the securities in these pools had a weighted average maturity of 24 and 13 days, respectively. UCRS Plans record a liability for the return of the cash collateral shown as collateral held for securities lending in the statements of net position. Securities collateral received from the borrower is held in an investment pool by the UCRS Plans' custodial bank.

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the UCRS Plans had little exposure to borrowers because the amounts the UCRS Plans owed the borrowers were substantially the same as the amounts the borrowers owed the UCRS Plans. UCRS Plans are fully indemnified by their lending agents against any losses incurred as a result of borrower default.

Securities lending transactions at June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

	DEFINED BE	NEFIT PLANS	UC	RSP
	2021	2020	2021	2020
SECURITIES LENT				
For cash collateral:				
Equity securities:				
Domestic	\$2,876,370	\$2,044,371	\$2,404,241	\$1,573,15
Foreign	228,786	162,144	106,592	57,22
Fixed-income securities:				
U.S. government-guaranteed	815,541	1,101,432	735,624	794,994
U.S. agency	44,367		77,336	
Other U.S. dollar-denominated	1,358,455	1,210,938	490,522	495,85
Foreign currency-denominated	18,828	27,454		
Lent for cash collateral	5,342,347	4,546,339	3,814,315	2,921,22
For securities collateral:				
Equity securities:				
Domestic	1,407,281	1,566,622	903,959	1,117,06
Foreign	1,513,792	957,501	610,582	348,64
Fixed-income securities:				
U.S. government	480,232	760,086	1,100,847	899,74
Other U.S. dollar-denominated	285,824	294,915	257,089	218,91
Foreign currency-denominated	61,512	89,879		42
Lent for securities collateral	3,748,641	3,669,003	2,872,477	2,584,804
Total securities lent	\$9,090,988	\$8,215,342	\$6,686,792	\$5,506,03
COLLATERAL RECEIVED				
Cash	\$5,470,316	\$4,622,926	\$3,898,876	\$2,965,834
Securities	4,033,078	3,955,027	3,090,432	2,786,30
Total collateral received	\$9,503,394	\$8,577,953	\$6,989,308	\$5,752,143
Fixed- or variable-income securities:				
Other U.S. dollar-denominated:	<i></i>	A	6400 HT	100
Corporate bonds	\$145,100	\$45,549	\$103,417	\$29,22
Commercial paper	351,202	130,304	250,313	83,59
Repurchase agreements	3,218,040	2,925,481	2,293,604	1,876,84
Corporate asset-backed securities		21,879		14,03
Certificates of deposit/time deposits	1,732,454	1,193,300	1,234,778	765,56
Supranational/foreign	25,590	309,703	18,239	198,690
Assets (liabilities), net*	(2,070)	(3,339)	(1,475)	(2,142
Total investment of cash collateral	\$5,470,316	\$4,622,877	\$3,898,876	\$2,965,803

*Other assets (liabilities), net is composed of pending settlements of cash collateral investments.

UCRS Plans earn interest and dividends on the collateral held during the loan period, as well as a fee from the brokerage firm, and are obligated to pay a fee and rebate to the borrower. UCRS receives the net investment income. The securities lending income and fees and rebates for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)					
	DEFINED BE	NEFIT PLANS	UCRSP		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Securities lending income	\$32,291	\$86,766	\$16,161	\$46,437	
Securities lending fees and rebates	(6,706)	(57,481)	(4,212)	(34,068)	
Securities lending income, net	\$25,585	\$29,285	\$11,949	\$12,369	

Investment Risk Factors

There are a variety of potential risk factors involved in a securities lending program. Risks associated with the investment of cash collateral may include the credit risk from fixed-income securities, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk. In addition, there may be custodial credit risk associated with both cash and securities received as collateral for securities lent.

The UCRS Plans' investment policies and other information related to each of these risks are summarized below.

Credit Risk

The UCRS Plans' investment policies for the investment of cash collateral maintained in separately managed collateral pools restrict the credit rating of issuers to no less than A-1, P-1 or F-1 for short-term securities and no less than A2/A for long-term securities. Asset-backed securities must have a rating of AAA at the time of purchase.

The credit risk profile for fixed- or variable-income securities and commingled funds associated with the investment of cash collateral at June 30, 2021 and 2020, is as follows:

	DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS		UCRSP	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Other U.S. dollar-denominated:				
AAA	\$25,590	\$197,074	\$18,239	\$126,434
AA-	465,901	247,922	332,063	159,053
A+	531,064	463,561	378,506	297,398
A	244,295	213,328	174,119	136,861
A1/P1/F1	987,496	444,340	703,821	285,065
Not rated		134,508		86,293
Other asset/liability	(2,070)	(3,339)	(1,475)	(2,142)

(in thousands of dollars)

Custodial Credit Risk

Cash collateral received for securities lent is invested in pools by the UCRS Plans' lending agents. The UCRS Plans' securities related to the investment of cash collateral are registered in the UCRS Plans' name by the lending agent. Securities collateral received for securities lent are held in investment pools by the UCRS Plans' lending agent. As a result, custodial credit risk is remote.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The UCRS Plans' investment guidelines, with respect to the concentration of credit risk associated with the investment of cash collateral in the separately managed collateral pools, restricts investments in any single issuer of corporate debt securities, time deposits, certificates of deposit, banker's acceptances and in money market funds generally limited to no more than 5 percent of the portfolio value at the time of purchase. Investments in issuers other than U.S. government-guaranteed securities that represent 5 percent or more of the total investment of cash collateral held at June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

	DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS		UC	UCRSP	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Morgan Stanley & Co LLC	\$524,996	\$396,099	\$374,182	\$254,119	
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	522,358	328,641	372,303	210,840	
JP Morgan Securities LLC	435,826	309,038	310,627	198,261	
BofA Securities Inc.		238,697		153,137	
BNP Paribas Prime Brokerage		284,246		182,357	
Goldman Sachs & Co.	279,646		199,314		
Barclays Bank PLC	641,075	340,172	456,917	218,237	

Interest Rate Risk

The nature of individual securities in the collateral pools allows for the use of weighted average maturity as an effective risk management measure. The UCRS Plans' investment guidelines with respect to the interest rate risk associated with the investment of cash collateral in the separately managed collateral pools requires the weighted average maturity of the entire collateral pool to be less than 120 days. The maturity of securities issued by the U.S. government and asset-backed securities must be less than five years, corporate debt obligations must be less than two years and time deposits must be less than 190 days.

The weighted average maturity expressed in days outstanding for fixed- or variable-income securities associated with the investment of cash collateral at June 30, 2021 and 2020, is as follows:

(in days)					
	DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS		UCRSP		
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Other U.S. dollar-denominated:				-	
Corporate bonds	35	1	35	1	
Commercial paper	97	42	97	42	
Repurchase agreements	1	9	1	9	
Corporate asset-backed securities		15		15	
Certificates of deposit/time deposits	49	20	49	20	
Supranational/foreign	21	19	21	19	

Investment of cash collateral may include various asset-backed securities, structured notes and variable-rate securities that may be considered highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to the existence of prepayment or conversion features, although the weighted average maturity may be short.

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of investments that are considered to be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates is as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)					
	DEFINED BE	ENEFIT PLANS	UC	RSP	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
Other asset-backed securities	\$25,590	\$310,832	\$18,239	\$199,414	
Variable-rate investments	3,854,631	2,291,843	2,747,324	1,470,330	

At June 30, 2021 and 2020, the weighted average maturity expressed in days for asset-backed securities was 21 days and 19 days, respectively and for variable-rate investments was 18 days and 9 days, respectively.

Foreign Currency Risk

The UCRS Plans' investment guidelines with respect to the foreign currency risk associated with the investment of cash collateral maintained in separate collateral pools restrict investments to U.S. dollar-denominated securities. Therefore, there is no foreign currency risk.

4. FINANCIAL DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The UCRS Plans' investments, overseen by the OCIO, may use derivatives including futures, foreign currency exchange contracts, options, forward contracts, stock rights and warrants as a substitute for investment in equity and fixed-income securities or to reduce the effect of fluctuating foreign currencies on foreign currency-denominated investments or to limit the exposure of variable-rate bonds to changes in market interest rates.

UCRS Plans enter into futures contracts for the purpose of acting as a substitute for investment in equity and fixed-income securities. A futures contract is an agreement between two parties to buy and sell a security or financial index, interest rate or foreign currency at a set price on a future date. They are standardized contracts that can be easily bought and sold and are exchange-traded. Upon entering into such a contract, UCRS Plans are required to pledge to the broker an amount of cash or securities equal to the minimum initial margin requirements of the exchange on which the contract is traded. Pursuant to the contract, UCRS Plans agree to receive from, or pay to, the counterparty an amount of cash equal to the daily fluctuation in the value of the contract. These contracts are settled on a daily basis, with the resulting realized gain or loss included in the statement of changes in fiduciary net position. The settlement amount at the end of each day for each of the contracts, or variation margin, is included in investments and represents the fair value of the contracts.

Forward contracts are similar to futures contracts, although they are not exchange-traded. Foreign currency exchange contracts are forward contracts used to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on non-U.S. dollar-denominated investment securities and to increase or decrease exposure to various foreign currencies.

An option contract gives the UCRS Plans the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell a specified security or index at a fixed price during a specified period for a nonrefundable fee. The maximum loss to the UCRS Plans is limited to the premium originally paid for covered options. The UCRS Plans record premiums paid for the purchase of these options in the statements of fiduciary net position as an investment that is subsequently adjusted to reflect the fair value of the options, with unrealized gains and losses included in the statements of changes in fiduciary net position. UCRS held no option contracts at June 30, 2021 and 2020.

A swap is a contractual agreement entered into between the UCRS Plans and a counterparty under which each agrees to exchange periodic fixed or variable payments for an agreed period of time based upon a notional amount of principal or value of the underlying contract. The payments correspond to an equity index, interest rate or currency. The UCRS Plans consider their futures, forward contracts, options, rights, warrants and interest rate swaps to be investment derivatives.

The fair value balances and notional amounts of derivative instruments outstanding at June 30, 2021 and 2020, categorized by type, and the changes in fair value of such derivatives for the years then ended are as follows:

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (in thousands of dollars)

	NOTIONAL	AMOUNT	FAIR VALUE-PC	JE-POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE		
CATEGORY	2021	2020	CLASSIFICATION	2021	2020	CLASSIFICATION	2021	2020
INVESTMENT DERIVATIVES								
Futures contracts:								
Domestic equity futures:								
Long positions	\$713,181	\$350,921	Investments	\$2,150	\$2,251	Net appreciation (depreciation)	\$174,568	(\$15,510)
Foreign equity futures:								
Long positions	8,547	5,045	Investments	102	88	Net appreciation	2,134	14
Futures contracts, net				2,252	2,339		176,702	(15,496)
Foreign currency exchange contrac	ts, net:							
Long positions			Investments			Net appreciation	461	3,220
Short positions	319,622	187,035	Investments	1,636	(5,860)	Net appreciation (depreciation)	(8,185)	4,744
Foreign currency exchange contracts, net				1,636	(5,860)		(7,724)	7,964
Other, net:								
Stock rights/warrants			Investments	841	1,038	Net appreciation (depreciation)	601	(891)
Other, net				841	1,038		601	(891)
Total investment derivatives				\$4,729	(\$2,483)		\$169,579	(\$8,423)

UCRSP (in thousands of dollars)

	NOTIONAL	AMOUNT	FAIR VALUE-PC	SITIVE (NI	EGATIVE)	CHANGE	S IN FAIR VA	LUE
CATEGORY	2021	2020	CLASSIFICATION	2021	2020	CLASSIFICATION	2021	2020
Futures contracts:								
Domestic equity futures:								
Long positions	\$162,474	\$111,170	Investments	\$644	\$2,360	Net appreciation	\$61,604	\$8,097
Foreign equity futures:								
Long positions	54,942	39,585	Investments	(490)	244	Net appreciation (depreciation)	10,633	(1,256)
Futures contracts, net				154	2,604		72,237	6,841
Foreign currency exchange contrac	ts, net:							
Long positions	13,196	12,858	Investments	(241)	(55)	Net (depreciation)	(100)	(383)
Short positions			Investments			Net appreciation (depreciation)	(15)	77
Foreign currency exchange contracts, net				(241)	(55)		(115)	(306)
Other, net:								
Stock rights/warrants			Investments	450	516	Net appreciation (depreciation)	130	(473)
Other, net				450	516		130	(473)
Total investment derivatives				\$363	\$3,065		\$72,252	\$6,062

5. FAIR VALUE

Fair value is defined in the accounting standards as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Assets and liabilities reported at fair value are organized into a hierarchy based on the levels of inputs observable in the marketplace that are used to measure fair value. Inputs are used in applying the various valuation techniques and take into account the assumptions that market participants use to make valuation decisions. Inputs may include price information, credit data, liquidity statistics and other factors specific to the financial instrument. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources. In contrast, unobservable inputs reflect the entity's assumptions about how market participants would value the financial instrument.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The following describes the hierarchy of inputs used to measure fair value and the primary valuation methodologies used for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Level 1 — Prices based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets that are accessible for identical assets or liabilities are classified as Level 1. Level 1 investments include equity securities, commingled funds (exchange-traded funds and mutual funds), certain exchange-traded derivatives (warrants, rights, options, futures) and other publicly traded securities.

Level 2 — Quoted prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly, are classified as Level 2. Level 2 investments include fixed- or variable-income securities, commingled funds (institutional funds not listed in active markets), certain nonexchange-traded derivatives (warrants, rights, options, futures, repurchase agreements, swaptions and swaps) and other assets that are valued using market information.

Level 3 — Investments classified as Level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they trade infrequently or not at all. The inputs into the determination of fair value of these investments are based upon the best information in the circumstance and may require significant management judgment. Level 3 investments include private equity investments, real assets and real estate.

Net Asset Value (NAV) — Investments whose fair value is measured at NAV are excluded from the fair value hierarchy. Investments in nongovernmental entities that do not have a readily determinable fair value may be valued at NAV. Investments measured at NAV include hedge funds, private equity investments and commingled funds.

Not Leveled — Cash and cash equivalents are not measured at fair value and, thus, are not subject to the fair value disclosure requirements.

The following tables summarize the investments and other assets reported at fair value within the fair value hierarchy as of June 30, 2021 and 2020:

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS 2021 (in thousands of dollars)

		QUOTED PRICES IN ACTIVE MARKETS	OTHER OBSERVABLE INPUTS	UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS	NET ASSET VALUE	
	TOTAL	(LEVEL 1)	(LEVEL 2)	(LEVEL 3)	(NAV)	NOT LEVELED
Equity securities	\$42,805,295	\$42,805,272		\$23		
Fixed- or variable-income securities:						
U.S. government-guaranteed	5,678,406		\$5,678,406			
Other U.S. dollar-denominated	10,353,220		10,353,220			
Commingled funds	30,492,853	1,024,937		901,102	\$28,469,306	\$97,508
Investment derivatives	4,729	842	3,887			
Publicly traded real estate investment trusts	1,080,701	1,080,229			472	
Real estate	1,689,993				1,689,993	
Total investments	\$92,105,197	\$44,911,280	\$16,035,513	\$901,125	\$30,159,771	\$97,508
Securities lending investments of cash collateral	\$5,470,316		\$5,472,386			(\$2,070)

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS 2020 (in thousands of dollars)

		QUOTED PRICES IN ACTIVE MARKETS	OTHER OBSERVABLE INPUTS	UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS	NET ASSET VALUE	
	TOTAL	(LEVEL 1)	(LEVEL 2)	(LEVEL 3)	(NAV)	NOT LEVELED
Equity securities	\$31,939,917	\$31,939,863		\$54		
Fixed- or variable-income securities:						
U.S. government-guaranteed	4,678,620		\$4,678,620			
Other U.S. dollar-denominated	8,293,862		8,293,862			
Foreign currency-denominated	599		599			
Commingled funds	23,868,373	2,461,724		615,629	\$21,428,437	(\$637,417)
Investment derivatives	(2,483)	1,037	(3,520)			
Publicly traded real estate investment trusts	869,646	869,457			189	
Real estate	2,141,683				2,141,683	
Total investments	\$71,790,217	\$35,272,081	\$12,969,561	\$615,683	\$23,570,309	(\$637,417)
Securities lending investments of cash collateral	\$4,622,877		\$4,626,216			(\$3,339)

UCRSP 2021 (in thousands of dollars)

		QUOTED PRICES IN ACTIVE MARKETS	OTHER OBSERVABLE INPUTS	UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS	NET ASSET VALUE	
	TOTAL	(LEVEL 1)	(LEVEL 2)	(LEVEL 3)	(NAV)	NOT LEVELED
Equity securities	\$17,865,194	\$17,587,505	\$119,308		\$158,381	
Fixed- or variable-income securities:						
U.S. government-guaranteed	4,241,663		4,241,663			
Other U.S. dollar-denominated	5,938,144		5,938,144			
Commingled funds	3,301,568	346,008			2,932,992	\$22,568
Investment derivatives	363	429	(66)			
Publicly traded real estate investment trusts	1,124,364	1,123,238	848		278	
Total investments	\$32,471,296	\$19,057,180	\$10,299,897		\$3,091,651	\$22,568
Securities lending investments of cash collateral	\$3,898,876		\$3,900,351			(\$1,475)

UCRSP 2020 (in thousands of dollars)

		QUOTED PRICES IN ACTIVE MARKETS	OTHER OBSERVABLE INPUTS	UNOBSERVABLE INPUTS	NET ASSET VALUE	
	TOTAL	(LEVEL 1)	(LEVEL 2)	(LEVEL 3)	(NAV)	NOT LEVELED
Equity securities	\$13,225,888	\$13,225,888				
Fixed- or variable-income securities:						
U.S. government-guaranteed	4,025,537		\$4,025,537			
Other U.S. dollar-denominated	4,866,122		4,866,122			
Commingled funds	2,508,071	2,093,565			\$405,750	\$8,756
Investment derivatives	3,065	519	2,546			
Publicly traded real estate investment trusts	859,382	859,198			184	
Total investments	\$25,488,065	\$16,179,170	\$8,894,205		\$405,934	\$8,756
Securities lending investments of cash collateral	\$2,965,803		\$2,967,945			(\$2,142)

The following table presents significant terms of certain investments at June 30, 2021:

INVESTMENT TYPE	FAIR VALUE	UNFUNDED COMMITMENTS	REMAINING LIFE (YEARS)	REDEMPTION TERMS AND RESTRICTIONS
Absolute return	\$4,695,036	\$440,193	0 to 10	Not eligible for redemption and lock-up provisions ranging from 0 to 3 years. For securities not eligible for redemptions the underlying assets are estimated to be liquidated within 3 to 5 years. For securities eligible for redemptions, after initial lock-up expires, redemptions are available on a rolling basis and require 30 to 365 days' prior notification.
Private equity	7,337,326	3,734,961	0 to 15	Not eligible for redemption.
Private credit	741,901	138,672	0 to 10	Not eligible for redemption and lock-up provisions ranging from 0 to 10 years. For securities not eligible for redemptions the underlying assets are estimated to be liquidated within 3 to 7 years. For securities eligible for redemptions, after initial lock-up expires, redemptions are available on a rolling basis and require 30 to 365 days prior notification before winding down.
Real assets	3,235,720	1,824,690	0 to 15	Not eligible for redemption.
U.S. equity funds	413,374			Redemptions generally require at least 0 to 90 days written notice of intention to terminate as of a date specified in the notice. Payments of withdrawal requests are generally made within 0 to 120 days.
Non-U.S. equity funds	8,042,236			Redemptions require at least 7 to 180 days prior written notice of intention to terminate as of a date determined by the legal agreement between the investment manager and The Regents of the University of California. Withdrawals will occur on the last business day of the month and are subject to certain withdrawal guidelines.
Real estate and real estate investment trusts	4,404,296	569,117	0 to 10	Closed-end funds are not eligible for redemption. For open-end funds, redemptions are generally on a quarterly basis where the redemption date is the last day of each quarter. Payments of withdrawal requests are generally made within four quarters.

DEFINED BENEFIT PLANS (in thousands of dollars)

INVESTMENT TYPE	FAIR VALUE	UNFUNDED COMMITMENTS	REMAINING LIFE (YEARS)	REDEMPTION TERMS AND RESTRICTIONS
U.S. equity funds	\$2,560,893			Redemptions generally require at least 0 to 90 days written notice of intention to terminate as of a date specified in the notice. Payments of withdrawal requests are generally made within 0 to 120 days.

6. CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions to UCRP are based upon rates determined by The Regents. The Regents' funding policy provides for contributions at rates which are reasonably expected to maintain UCRP on an actuarially sound basis. While the University's independent actuary annually determines the total funding policy contributions, the University is not required to contribute an amount equal to the total funding contribution. The actual contributions and the contribution rates of the University and employees are based on numerous factors, including the availability of funds to the University, the impact of employee contributions on the competitiveness of the University's total remuneration package and collective bargaining agreements.

The Regents determines the portion of the total contribution to be made by the employer (University) and by the employees (members). The University pays a uniform contribution rate on covered payroll on behalf of all UCRP active members. The employer contribution rate was 14.5 percent and 14.0 percent for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively. In order to pay down the unfunded liability of UCRP, effective July 1, 2016, the University pays a different uniform contribution rate into UCRP on covered payroll on behalf of all active Savings Choice participants. The University contribution rate was 6.5 percent and 6.0 percent for the years ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Mandatory employee contributions, made as a condition of employment, are based upon covered University wages less a specified monthly reduction, determined periodically by The Regents, as shown below:

EFFECTIVE	1976 TIER*	2013 TIER/2016 TIER (Eff. 7/1/2016)	SAFETY*
7/1/2014	8.0%	7.0%	9.0%
7/1/2013	6.5	7.0	7.5

* Contributions offset by \$19 per month.

Under current collective bargaining agreements, employees represented by several unions participate in a modified version of the 2013 Tier (Modified 2013 Tier), where the retirement ages and age factors are not increased and lump sum cashouts are available. In exchange for these modifications, all employees represented by these unions (including those who are 1976 Tier members) pay 9.0 percent of their retirement covered gross salary effective July 1, 2014.

Member contributions to UCRP are accounted for separately and currently accrue interest at 6.0 percent annually. Upon termination, members may elect a refund of their contributions plus accumulated interest. Vested terminated members who are eligible to retire may also elect monthly retirement income or, if entitled, a lump sum equal to the present value of their accrued benefits.

The Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory (LBNL), as a separate segment of UCRP, is required to make employer and employee contributions in conformity with The Regents' contract with the Department of Energy (DOE). In addition, under certain circumstances the University contributes to UCRP based upon a contractual arrangement with the DOE designed to achieve 100 percent funding within seven years for each of the Los Alamos National Laboratory (LANL) and Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory (LLNL) retained segments within UCRP, with these contributions reimbursed by the DOE.

7. NET PENSION LIABILITY

The components of the net pension liability of UCRP and the UC-VERIP at June 30, 2021 and 2020, are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)				
	UCRP		UC-VERIP*	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Total pension liability	\$97,663,860	\$92,625,385	\$22,059	\$24,117
Plan net position	91,749,798	70,916,241	76,204	61,681
Net pension liability (surplus)	\$5,914,062	\$21,709,144	(\$54,145)	(\$37,564)
Ratio of plan net position to total pension liability	94%	77%	345%	256%
Covered payroll	\$13,215,494	\$13,056,696		
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	45%	166%		

*There is no covered payroll for the UC-VERIP.

Actuarial Assumptions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020. Plan net position was valued as of the measurement date (June 30), while the total pension liability was determined based upon rolling forward the total pension liability from the July 1, 2020 and 2019, actuarial valuations. The actuarial assumptions used as of June 30, 2021, were based on the results of the most recent experience study covering the period of July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2018. The following assumptions are used:

(shown as percentage)	
Inflation	2.50%
Investment rate of return	6.75
Projected salary increases	3.65 - 5.95
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.00

For preretirement mortality rates, the Pub-2010 Teacher Employee Amount-Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table was used. For postretirement, healthy mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy Teacher Amount-Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table multiplied by 90 percent for male faculty members, 95 percent for female faculty members, 100 percent for other male members and 110 percent for other female members. For beneficiaries of retired members, rates were based on the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Amount-Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table multiplied by 100 percent for males and 90 percent for females. For disabled members, rates were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree Amount-Weighted Mortality Table. All mortality tables above were projected generationally with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2018.

The long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for UCRP was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected expenses and a risk margin. The projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before deducting investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

(shown as percentage)	
	PROJECTED REAL RATE OF RETURN
Asset class:	
U.S. equity	5.6%
Developed international equity	6.5
Emerging market equity	8.6
Core bonds	1.5
High-yield bonds	3.7
Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities	1.2
Emerging market debt	3.9
Private equity	9.2
Real estate	6.6
Absolute return	3.3
Real assets	5.6
Weighted average	5.4%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to estimate the net pension liability as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, was 6.75 percent. To calculate the discount rate, cash flows into and out of the DB Plans were projected in order to determine whether each DB Plan has sufficient cash in future periods for projected benefit payments for current members. For this purpose, University contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected University, state and member contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions of future plan members, are not included. The DB Plans were projected to have assets sufficient to make projected benefit payments for current members for all future years.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the current-period net pension liability (surplus) of UCRP and the UC-VERIP calculated using the current-period discount rate assumption of 6.75 percent, as well as what the net pension liability (surplus) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate different than the current assumption:

(in thousand	s of dollars)		
	1% DECREASE (5.75%)	CURRENT ASSUMPTION (6.75%)	1% INCREASE (7.75%)
UCRP	\$19,142,430	\$5,914,062	(\$4,967,453)
UC-VERIP	(53,081)	(54,145)	(55,108)

8. PLAN TERMINATION

The Regents expects to continue the UCRS Plans indefinitely but reserves the right to amend or discontinue the UCRS Plans at any time provided that any such action shall not lessen accrued benefits of any members. In the event that either DB Plan is terminated, UCRS Plan assets shall be applied solely for the benefit of retired, vested or active participants and beneficiaries, until all liabilities of the UCRS Plans have been satisfied. Once all liabilities have been satisfied, any excess assets of the DB Plans shall revert to The Regents.

The benefits of UCRS noted above are not insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation, a federal insurance agency established under Title IV of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

UCRP

The schedule of changes in net pension liability includes multiyear trend information about whether the pension assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the pension liabilities. The schedule of changes in the net pension liability for UCRP as of June 30 is:

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY					
Service cost	\$2,564,134	\$2,466,497	\$1,946,612	\$1,873,004	\$1,807,143
Interest on the total pension liability	6,311,412	5,981,599	5,576,660	5,295,733	5,035,267
Difference between expected and actual experience	462,839	(282,321)	334,605	138,419	74,664
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			7,816,717		
Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,299,910)	(3,944,998)	(3,816,434)	(3,587,554)	(3,320,990
Net change in total pension liability	5,038,475	4,220,777	11,858,160	3,719,602	3,596,084
Total pension liability - beginning of year	92,625,385	88,404,608	76,546,448	72,826,846	69,230,762
Total pension liability - end of year	97,663,860	92,625,385	88,404,608	76,546,448	72,826,846
PLAN NET POSITION					
Contributions - employer	2,705,058	2,444,025	2,408,650	2,335,874	2,385,576
Contributions - member	1,053,939	1,019,302	956,543	941,144	891,987
Contributions - state				169,000	171,000
Net investment income	21,439,296	1,184,938	4,018,595	4,837,552	7,866,281
Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,299,910)	(3,944,998)	(3,816,434)	(3,587,554)	(3,320,990
Administrative expense	(64,826)	(65,989)	(61,981)	(36,684)	(44,128
Net change in plan net position	20,833,557	637,278	3,505,373	4,659,332	7,949,726
Plan net position - beginning of year	70,916,241	70,278,963	66,773,590	62,114,258	54,164,532
Plan net position - end of year	91,749,798	70,916,241	70,278,963	66,773,590	62,114,258
Net pension liability - end of year	\$5,914,062	\$21,709,144	\$18,125,645	\$9,772,858	\$10,712,588
(in thousands of dollars)	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY					
Service cost	\$1,710,241	\$1,589,267	\$1,519,183	\$1,456,761	\$1,531,094
	\$1,710,241 4,784,904	\$1,589,267 4,538,846	\$1,519,183 4,316,728	\$1,456,761 4,112,461	
Interest on the total pension liability					3,871,146
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience	4,784,904	4,538,846	4,316,728	4,112,461	3,871,146 (212,758
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	4,784,904	4,538,846 (112,155)	4,316,728	4,112,461 (183,253)	3,871,146 (212,758 4,923,778
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions	4,784,904 136,167	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793	4,316,728 (320,624)	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815)	3,871,146 (212,758 4,923,778 (2,273,071
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641)	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992)	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540)	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369)	\$1,531,094 3,871,146 (212,758 4,923,778 (2,273,071 7,840,185 50,275,611
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215)	3,871,146 (212,758 4,923,778 (2,273,071 7,840,189
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800	3,871,144 (212,758 4,923,778 (2,273,071 7,840,189 50,275,61
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year PLAN NET POSITION	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800	3,871,144 (212,758 4,923,778 (2,273,071 7,840,189 50,275,61 58,115,800
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year PLAN NET POSITION Contributions - employer	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091 69,230,762	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332 65,705,091	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585 60,529,332	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800 57,701,585	3,871,144 (212,758 4,923,778 (2,273,071 7,840,189 50,275,61 58,115,800 1,851,460
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year PLAN NET POSITION Contributions - employer Contributions - member	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091 69,230,762 2,426,683	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332 65,705,091 2,510,046	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585 60,529,332 1,580,876	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800 57,701,585 810,056	3,871,144 (212,758 4,923,778 (2,273,071 7,840,189 50,275,61 58,115,800 1,851,460
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year PLAN NET POSITION Contributions - employer Contributions - member Contributions - state	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091 69,230,762 2,426,683 845,036	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332 65,705,091 2,510,046	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585 60,529,332 1,580,876	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800 57,701,585 810,056	3,871,144 (212,758 4,923,778 (2,273,071 7,840,189 50,275,61 58,115,800 1,851,460 272,420
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year PLAN NET POSITION Contributions - employer Contributions - member Contributions - state Net investment income (loss)	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091 69,230,762 2,426,683 845,036 96,000	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332 65,705,091 2,510,046 793,012	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585 60,529,332 1,580,876 577,466	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800 57,701,585 810,056 415,641	3,871,144 (212,758 4,923,774 (2,273,07 7,840,18 50,275,61 58,115,80 1,851,460 272,420 115,86
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year PLAN NET POSITION Contributions - employer Contributions - member Contributions - state Net investment income (loss) Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091 69,230,762 2,426,683 845,036 96,000 (1,104,655)	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332 65,705,091 2,510,046 793,012 1,993,801	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585 60,529,332 1,580,876 577,466 8,009,980	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800 57,701,585 810,056 415,641 4,833,339	3,871,144 (212,758 4,923,774 (2,273,07 7,840,189 50,275,61 58,115,800 1,851,460 272,420 115,863 (2,273,07
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year PLAN NET POSITION Contributions - employer Contributions - member Contributions - state Net investment income (loss) Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091 69,230,762 2,426,683 845,036 96,000 (1,104,655) (3,105,642)	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332 65,705,091 2,510,046 793,012 1,993,801 (2,976,993)	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585 60,529,332 1,580,876 577,466 8,009,980 (2,687,540)	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800 57,701,585 810,056 415,641 4,833,339 (2,487,369)	3,871,144 (212,758 4,923,774 (2,273,07 7,840,18 50,275,61 58,115,800 1,851,460 272,420 115,86 (2,273,07 (32,838
Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year PLAN NET POSITION Contributions - employer Contributions - member Contributions - state Net investment income (loss) Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan net position	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091 69,230,762 2,426,683 845,036 96,000 (1,104,655) (3,105,642) (48,340)	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332 65,705,091 2,510,046 793,012 1,993,801 (2,976,993) (48,283)	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585 60,529,332 1,580,876 577,466 8,009,980 (2,687,540) (37,641)	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800 57,701,585 810,056 415,641 4,833,339 (2,487,369) (37,426)	3,871,144 (212,758 4,923,778 (2,273,071 7,840,189 50,275,61 58,115,800 1,851,460 272,420 115,863 (2,273,071 (32,839 (66,167
Service cost Interest on the total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Net change in total pension liability Total pension liability - beginning of year Total pension liability - end of year PLAN NET POSITION Contributions - employer Contributions - member Contributions - state Net investment income (loss) Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions Administrative expense Net change in plan net position Plan net position - beginning of year Plan net position - end of year	4,784,904 136,167 (3,105,641) 3,525,671 65,705,091 69,230,762 2,426,683 845,036 96,000 (1,104,655) (3,105,642) (48,340) (890,918)	4,538,846 (112,155) 2,136,793 (2,976,992) 5,175,759 60,529,332 65,705,091 2,510,046 793,012 1,993,801 (2,976,993) (48,283) 2,271,583	4,316,728 (320,624) (2,687,540) 2,827,747 57,701,585 60,529,332 1,580,876 577,466 8,009,980 (2,687,540) (37,641) 7,443,141	4,112,461 (183,253) (3,312,815) (2,487,369) (414,215) 58,115,800 57,701,585 810,056 415,641 4,833,339 (2,487,369) (37,426) 3,534,241	3,871,14¢ (212,75¢ 4,923,77¢ (2,273,071 7,840,18 ¢ 50,275,611

All plan assets are available to pay any member's benefit. UCRP's net pension liability is measured as of June 30. Plan fiduciary net position (plan assets) is valued as of the measurement date, while the total pension liability is determined based upon rolling forward the total pension liability from the July 1 actuarial valuations.

(in thousands of dollars)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$97,663,860	\$92,625,385	\$88,404,608	\$76,546,448	\$72,826,846
Plan net position	91,749,798	70,916,241	70,278,963	66,773,590	62,114,258
Net pension liability	\$5,914,062	\$21,709,144	\$18,125,645	\$9,772,858	\$10,712,588
Ratio of plan net position to total pension liability	94%	77%	79%	87%	85%
Covered payroll	\$13,215,494	\$13,056,696	\$12,168,209	\$11,923,489	\$11,301,506
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	45%	166%	149%	82%	95%

(in thousands of dollars)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Total pension liability	\$69,230,762	\$65,705,091	\$60,529,332	\$57,701,585	\$58,115,800
Plan net position	54,164,532	55,055,450	52,783,867	45,340,726	41,806,485
Net pension liability	\$15,066,230	\$10,649,641	\$7,745,465	\$12,360,859	\$16,309,315
Ratio of plan net position to total pension liability	78%	84%	87%	79%	72%
Covered payroll	\$10,689,424	\$10,047,570	\$9,372,583	\$8,921,077	\$8,594,147
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	141%	106%	83%	139%	190%

The Regents' funding policy provides for actuarially determined contributions at rates reasonably expected to maintain UCRP on an actuarially sound basis. LBNL is required to make employer and employee contributions in conformity with The Regents' contract with the DOE. The annual contribution deficiency (excess) as of June 30 is:

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTIONS IN RELATION TO ACTUARIAL CONTRIBUTIONS	CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	COVERED PAYROLL	CONTRIBUTIONS AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL
2021	\$3,523,568	\$2,705,058	\$818,510	\$13,215,494	20%
2020	2,516,234	2,444,025	72,209	13,056,696	19
2019	2,742,671	2,408,650	334,021	12,168,209	20
2018	2,669,169	2,504,874	164,295	11,923,489	21
2017	2,654,710	2,556,576	98,134	11,301,506	23
2016	2,610,953	2,522,683	88,270	10,689,424	24
2015	2,664,384	2,510,046	154,338	10,047,570	25
2014	2,472,697	1,580,876	891,821	9,372,583	17
2013	2,062,022	810,056	1,251,966	8,921,077	9
2012	1,806,205	1,851,459	(45,254)	8,594,147	22

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Methods and assumptions used	to determine contribution rates:
Valuation date	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of July 1, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.
Actuarial cost method	Entry age actuarial cost method.
Amortization method	Level dollar, closed periods.
Remaining amortization period	17.97 years as of July 1, 2020.
	The July 1, 2010 amortization bases were combined into a single amortization base and amortized over 30 years. Any changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) due to actuarial experience gains or losses after July 1, 2010, are separately amortized over a fixed (closed) 30-year period effective with that valuation. Any changes in UAAL due to a change in actuarial assumptions or plan provisions are separately amortized over a fixed (closed)15-year period. Any changes in UAAL due to actuarial experience gains or losses or a change in actuarial assumptions after July 1, 2014, are separately amortized over a fixed (closed) 20-year period.
Asset valuation method	The market value of assets less unrecognized returns in each of the last five years. An unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual and the expected return on a market value basis and is recognized over a five-year period.
Inflation	2.50%.
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.65-5.95%, varying by service, including inflation.
Cost-of-living adjustments	2.00%.
Mortality	Active and inactive: Pub-2010 Teacher Employee Amount-Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table.
	Healthy: Pub-2010 Healthy Teacher Amount-Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table, multiplied by 90 percent for male faculty members, 95 percent for female faculty members, 100 percent for other male members and 110 percent for other female members.
	Beneficiaries of retired members: Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Amount-Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table multiplied by 100 percent for males and 90 percent for females.
	Disabled: Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree Amount-Weighted Mortality Table.

All mortality tables listed above are projected generationally with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2018.

A money-weighted rate of return considers the changing amounts actually invested during a period and weights the amount of pension plan investments by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. The annual money-weighted rates of return, net of investment expense adjusted for changing amounts actually invested for the years ended June 30 are as follows:

(shown as percentage)	
LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS	ANNUAL MONEY-WEIGHTED RATE OF RETURN, NET OF INVESTMENT EXPENSE
2021	30.2%
2020	1.7
2019	6.0
2018	7.7
2017	14.5
2016	(2.0)
2015	3.4
2014	17.3
2013	11.2
2012	0.9

UC-VERIP

The schedule of changes in net pension liability includes multiyear trend information about whether the pension assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the pension liabilities. The schedule of changes in the net pension liability for the UC-VERIP as of June 30 is:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY					
Interest on the total pension liability	\$1,513	\$1,656	\$1,983	\$2,042	\$2,463
Difference between expected and actual experience	179	(1,342)	(79)	(436)	(189)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs			714		
Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,750)	(4,142)	(4,213)	(4,610)	(4,738)
Net change in total pension surplus	(2,058)	(3,828)	(1,595)	(3,004)	(2,464)
Total pension liability - beginning of year	24,117	27,945	29,540	32,544	35,008
Total pension liability - end of year	22,059	24,117	27,945	29,540	32,544
PLAN NET POSITION					
Net investment income	18,277	1,049	3,748	4,885	8,666
Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions	(3,750)	(4,142)	(4,213)	(4,610)	(4,738)
Administrative expense	(4)	(4)	(5)	(5)	(6)
Net change in plan net position	14,523	(3,097)	(470)	270	3,922
Plan net position - beginning of year	61,681	64,778	65,248	64,978	61,056
Plan net position - end of year	76,204	61,681	64,778	65,248	64,978
Net pension surplus - end of year	(\$54,145)	(\$37,564)	(\$36,833)	(\$35,708)	(\$32,434)

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
			-		
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY					
Interest on the total pension liability	\$2,533	\$2,704	\$2,857	\$3,052	\$3,227
Changes of benefit terms					11,186
Difference between expected and actual experience	(650)	242	(436)	(241)	172
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		1,837			1,268
Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,937)	(5,081)	(5,169)	(5,278)	(5,369)
Net change in total pension liability (surplus)	(3,054)	(298)	(2,748)	(2,467)	10,484
Total pension liability - beginning of year	38,062	38,360	41,108	43,575	33,091
Total pension liability - end of year	35,008	38,062	38,360	41,108	43,575
PLAN NET POSITION					
Net investment income (loss)	(1,425)	2,550	11,035	7,144	90
Benefits paid, including refunds of employee contributions	(4,937)	(5,081)	(5,169)	(5,278)	(5,369)
Administrative expense	(7)	(6)	(6)	(7)	(7)
Net change in plan net position	(6,369)	(2,537)	5,860	1,859	(5,286)
Plan net position - beginning of year	67,425	69,962	64,102	62,243	67,529
Plan net position - end of year	61,056	67,425	69,962	64,102	62,243
Net pension surplus - end of year	(\$26,048)	(\$29,363)	(\$31,602)	(\$22,994)	(\$18,668)

Plan fiduciary net position (plan assets) is valued as of the measurement date, while the total pension liability is determined based upon rolling forward the total pension liability from the July 1 actuarial valuations. The schedule of net pension liability for the UC-VERIP as of June 30 is:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total pension liability	\$22,059	\$24,117	\$27,945	\$29,540	\$32,544
Plan net position	76,204	61,681	64,778	65,248	64,978
Net pension surplus	(\$54,145)	(\$37,564)	(\$36,833)	(\$35,708)	(\$32,434)
Ratio of plan net position to total pension liability	345%	256%	232%	221%	200%

(in thousands of dollars)

2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
\$35,008	\$38,062	\$38,360	\$41,108	\$43,575
61,056	67,425	69,962	64,102	62,243
(\$26,048)	(\$29,363)	(\$31,602)	(\$22,994)	(\$18,668)
174%	177%	182%	156%	143%
	\$35,008 61,056 (\$26,048)	\$35,008 \$38,062 61,056 67,425 (\$26,048) (\$29,363)	\$35,008 \$38,062 \$38,360 61,056 67,425 69,962 (\$26,048) (\$29,363) (\$31,602)	\$35,008 \$38,062 \$38,360 \$41,108 61,056 67,425 69,962 64,102 (\$26,048) (\$29,363) (\$31,602) (\$22,994)

There is no covered payroll for the UC-VERIP and the University has not been required to contribute to the plan since 1996.





UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA Plan Oversight —The Board of Regents

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Requests for Information: This financial report is designed to provide The Regents, the Plans' retirees and others with a general overview of the Plans' financial positions and results. Questions concerning this report should be addressed to:

University of California Office of the President Human Resources Department P.O. Box 24570 Oakland, CA 94623-1570



University of Californi Office of the President 1111 Franklin Street Oakland, CA 94607

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