Institutional Research and Academic Planning

Undergraduate Parenting Student

2022 & 2024 UCUES

Profile

Total Respondents to 2022 and 2024 UCUES

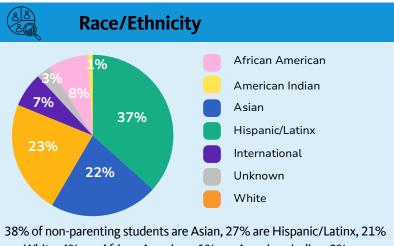
102,318

Total reported as parenting students

1,880

Parenting students representation

2 %



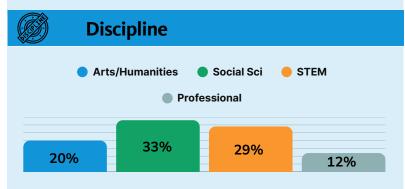
38% of non-parenting students are Asian, 27% are Hispanic/Latinx, 21% are White, 4% are African American, 1% are American Indian, 8% are international and 3% are unknown.

Gender





62% of nonparenting students are females and 35% of nonparenting students identify as male.



46% of nonparenting students are enrolled in STEM, 21% are in social sciences, 15% are in arts and humanities, and 9% are in professional fields.

First Generation

First-gen students 63%

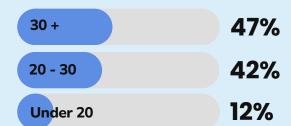
39% of nonparenting students are first-generation.

Applicant status

Transfer students 73%

21% of nonparenting students are transfer students.

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52% of nonparenting students are 20 - 22, 39% are under 20, 6% are 23-25, 1% are 26-30, and 1% are above 30.

Residency

CA resident 88%

84% of nonparenting students are California residents.

Undergraduate Parenting Student

2022 & 2024 UCUES

Basic needs and mental health

Total parenting students reported to be food insecure

1,155 (64%)

Total parenting students reported to be housing insecure

414 (25%)

Total parenting students reported to have depression

591(70%)

Total parenting students reported to have anxiety

699(82%)



Food security

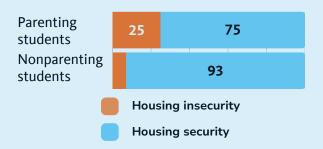
64% of parenting students reported having experienced low or very low food security, significantly higher than nonparenting students (46%).





Housing security

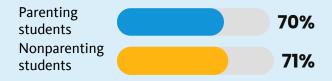
25% of parenting students reported being housing insecure within the 12 months before the surveys, compared with 7% of nonparenting students.





Depression

Parenting students share similar depression levels as nonparenting students.





Basic needs and completion

Among 2021 transfer entrants who responded to the survey, the two-year completion rates of parenting students vary by food security status. The difference in completion rates by housing security status was relatively small.

	Parenting students		Nonparenting students	
Food insecure	101	44%	2,028	59%
Food secure	93	59%	2,140	68%
Housing insecure	29	49%	353	55%
Housing secure	150	50%	3,432	65%

Anxiety

Parenting students share similar anxiety levels as nonparenting students.

Parenting students	82%
Nonparenting students	80%

Institutional Research and Academic Planning

Graduate Parenting Student

2021 & 2023 UCGSES

Profile

Total respondents to 2021 and 2023 UCGSES

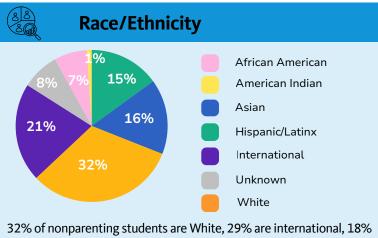
26,331

Total reported as parenting students

2,837

Parenting students representation

11 %



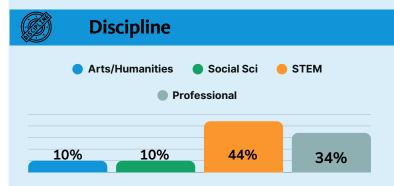
32% of nonparenting students are White, 29% are international, 18% are Asian, 11% are Hispanic/Latinx, 4% are African American, and 1% are American Indian.

Gender





55% of nonparenting students are female and 43% identify as male.



59% of nonparenting students are in STEM, 20% are in professional fields, 10% are in social sciences, and 8% are in arts and humanities.



Student level

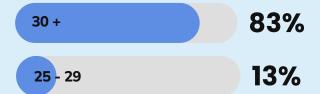
Doctorate students

52%

62% of nonparenting students are doctorates.

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Age



Under 25 **2%**

49% of nonparenting students are 25 - 29, 24% are below 25, 9% are 30 - 34, 5% are 35 - 39, and 4% are 40 and above.

Residency

CA resident

53%

55% of nonparenting students are California residents.

Institutional Research and Academic Planning

Graduate Parenting Student

2021 & 2023 UCGSES

Basic needs, mental health, and success

Total parenting students reported to be food insecure

648 (24%)

Total parenting students reported to be housing insecure

110 (4%)

Total parenting students reported to have depression

224 (15%)

Total parenting students reported to have anxiety

336 (23%)



Food security

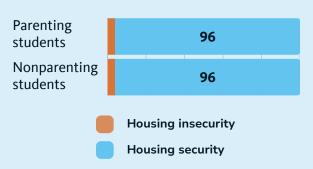
Close to 24% of parenting students reported having experienced food insecurity, significantly higher than nonparenting students (29%).





Housing security

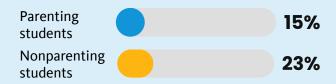
4% of parenting students reported being housing insecure within the 12 months before the surveys, same as nonparenting students.





Depression

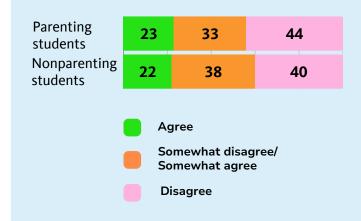
Parenting students reported lower depression levels than nonparenting students.





Financial hardship and success

23% of parenting students indicated that their financial hardship has impeded their success in their program, at a slightly higher rate than nonparenting students at 22%.



Anxiety

Parenting students reported lower anxiety levels than nonparenting students.

