I. POLICY SUMMARY

This policy describes the complaint resolution process that is available to employees or applicants for employment who believe they have been subjected to retaliation as a result of having made a Protected Disclosure or refusing to obey an Illegal Order. Absent extenuating circumstances, a decision on all complaints that are not dismissed or withdrawn will be issued within 18 months of the filing of the complaint with the Locally Designated Official or the Complainant’s supervisor.

Complaints alleging interference with an employee’s or applicant’s right to make a Protected Disclosure will be considered as a report of suspected improper governmental activity that may warrant further inquiry processed under the University’s Whistleblower Policy rather than this policy. A complaint alleging interference as well as retaliation will be processed under this policy.
II. DEFINITIONS

The following definitions apply to this policy and procedures, as well as any local implementing procedures.

**Adverse Personnel Action:** A management action that affects the Complainant’s existing terms and conditions of employment in a material and negative way, including, but not limited to, failure to hire, corrective action (including written warning, corrective salary decrease, demotion, suspension), and termination.

**Complainant:** An employee or applicant for employment who files a complaint under this policy or an applicant for employment who files a complaint under this policy.

**Employee:** A current University employee or a former University employee who was employed at the time the relevant events occurred. The term “employee” includes academic appointees.

**Illegal Order:** Any directive to violate or assist in violating an applicable federal, state, or local law, rule, or regulation or any order to work or cause others to work in conditions outside of their line of duty that would unreasonably threaten the health or safety of employees or the public.

**Improper Governmental Activity:** Any activity undertaken by the University or by an employee that is undertaken in the performance of the employee’s official duties, whether or not that action is within the scope of his or her employment, and that (1) is in violation of any state or federal law or regulation, including, but not limited to, corruption, malfeasance, bribery, theft of University property, fraudulent claims, fraud, coercion, conversion, malicious prosecution, misuse of government property (including University property and facilities), or willful omission to perform duty, or (2) is economically wasteful or involves gross misconduct, gross incompetence, or gross inefficiency.

**Interference:** Direct or indirect use or attempted use of official authority or influence for the purpose of intimidating, threatening, coercing, commanding, or attempting to intimidate, threaten, coerce, or command an individual for the purpose of obstructing an individual’s right to make a Protected Disclosure.

**Protected Disclosure:** Any good faith communication that discloses or demonstrates an intention to disclose information that may evidence either (1) an improper governmental activity or (2) any condition that may significantly threaten the health or safety of employees or the public if the disclosure or intention to disclose was made for the purpose of remedying that condition. A Protected Disclosure may be made internally to the Complainant’s supervisor, to the LDO, or to any University official identified in the University’s Whistleblower Policy for that purpose.
The good faith requirement is satisfied if the employee had (1) a reasonable belief that the facts the employee disclosed or demonstrated an intention to disclose are true and (2) a reasonable belief that such facts, if true, would be an improper governmental activity or a condition that may significantly threaten the health or safety of employees or the public.

**Retaliation Complaint:** A written complaint filed under this policy that includes a Sworn Statement and alleges that a University employee retaliated by taking an Adverse Personnel Action against the Complainant because the Complainant (1) retaliated against the Complainant for having made a Protected Disclosure by taking an Adverse Personnel Action against the Complainant or (2) retaliated against the Complainant for having refused to obey an Illegal Order by taking an Adverse Personnel Action against the Complainant.

**Sworn Statement:** A statement made under penalty of perjury that the contents of the complaint are true or are believed by the Complainant to be true. A complaint filed without a Sworn Statement will not be processed under this policy.

**Use of Official Authority or Influence:** Promising to confer, or conferring, any benefit; effecting, or threatening to effect, any reprisal; taking, or directing others to take, or recommending, processing, or approving, any personnel action, including, but not limited to, appointment, promotion, transfer, assignment, performance evaluation, termination, suspension, or other disciplinary action.

### III. POLICY TEXT

#### A. Purpose of Policy

The University of California is committed to providing a work environment where employees are free to report waste, fraud, abuse of authority, violation of law, or threat to public health without fear of retribution and where employees can be candid and honest without reservation in conducting the University’s business. This policy is a companion to the University of California Policy on Reporting and Investigating Allegations of Suspected Improper Governmental Activities (the University’s Whistleblower Policy). Consistent with the California Whistleblower Protection Act (Government Code Sections 8547-8547.12), a University employee may not: (1) retaliate against an employee or applicant for employment who has made a Protected Disclosure, as defined below, (2) retaliate against an employee who has refused to obey an Illegal Order, as defined below, or (3) directly or indirectly use or attempt to use the official authority or influence of his or her position or office to interfere with an employee’s or applicant’s right to make a Protected Disclosure, as defined below. It is
the intention of the University to investigate thoroughly any complaints filed, to provide relief to any employees harmed by violations of this policy, and to take appropriate action against employees who violate this policy.

B. Authority and Responsibilities

1. Local Procedures

   The Chancellor will establish local complaint resolution procedures in accordance with this policy.

2. Locally Designated Official (LDO)

   The Chancellor will appoint a Locally Designated Official (LDO) to receive Retaliation Complaints and to administer local implementing procedures. The LDO may be the same official designated to administer local procedures for investigating whistleblower complaints under the University’s Whistleblower Policy. The LDO (or designee) will determine whether a complaint is eligible for processing under this policy. The LDO is also responsible for ensuring that complaints are processed in a timely manner.

3. Systemwide LDO

   The President will appoint an individual to serve as the Systemwide LDO. The Systemwide LDO (or designee) will receive complaints referred to the Office of the President under Section H. and determine whether such complaints will be processed at the Office of the President. The Systemwide LDO will also resolve appeals filed under Section I. In addition, the Systemwide LDO will serve as the LDO for the Office of the President. Whenever the Complainant is a current or former academic employee or an applicant for an academic position or where an accused employee is an academic employee, the duties of the Systemwide LDO under this policy will be the responsibility of the Provost and Executive Vice President—Academic Affairs.

4. Retaliation Complaint Officer (RCO)

   The LDO may appoint one or more individuals to serve as Retaliation Complaint Officer(s) to oversee the investigation of complaints under this policy. The LDO may decide to serve as the RCO. The RCO may personally conduct the investigation or may delegate the factfinding, in whole or in part, to another investigator.

5. Chancellor
The Chancellor renders a decision after reviewing the investigation report. When there is a finding of retaliation, the Chancellor determines the appropriate action(s) to be taken against the employee who violated this policy, as set forth in Section G. below. The Chancellor may delegate any of his or her duties under this policy, including decision-making authority.

For purposes of this policy, authorities and responsibilities delegated to the Chancellor are assumed by the Laboratory Director for employees at Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, by the Systemwide LDO for employees at the Office of the President, and by the Vice President—Agriculture and Natural Resources for employees within the Division of Agriculture and Natural Resources.

6. Investigations Workgroup

An Investigations Workgroup typically includes representatives from various functional units at a location and assists the LDO, as needed, in determining whether a complaint is eligible for processing under this policy. It may be a standing workgroup or, alternatively, the LDO may assemble an ad hoc workgroup with relevant expertise to assist with one or more complaints.

C. Filing a Retaliation Complaint (Where, When and How to File)

A Retaliation Complaint must include a Sworn Statement and be filed with the LDO or with the Complainant’s supervisor within 12 months of the Adverse Personnel Action that the Complainant believes was taken to retaliate against the Complainant for having made a Protected Disclosure or refusing to obey an Illegal Order—alleged retaliation. If the Retaliation Complaint alleges a pattern of retaliation, it must be filed within 12 months of the most recent Adverse Personnel Action that the Complainant believes constituted an alleged act of retaliation. Complaints filed with the Complainant’s supervisor will be forwarded to the LDO.

1. Required Allegations

A Retaliation Complaint must include the allegations set forth below for the type of complaint being filed. The allegations should be as specific as possible.

a. Required Allegations for a Retaliation Complaint alleging retaliation for having made a Protected Disclosure:

i. Complainant made a Protected Disclosure. For purposes of this element, the Complainant must (a) describe include a summary of what was
disclosed, (b) identify the person(s) to whom each Protected Disclosure was made, and (c) specify the date or approximate date of each Protected Disclosure, and (d) specify how each Protected Disclosure was communicated.

ii. One or more Adverse Personnel Actions were taken against the Complainant. For purposes of this element, the Complainant must identify (a) describe the Adverse Personnel Action(s), (b) identify the University employee(s) responsible for each Adverse Personnel Action, and (c) specify the date or the approximate date on which each Adverse Personnel Action occurred.

iii. The basis for Complainant’s belief that the Protected Disclosure was a contributing factor in the Adverse Personnel Action(s).

b. Required Allegations for a Retaliation Complaint alleging retaliation for having refused to obey an Illegal Order:

i. Complainant refused to obey an Illegal Order. For purposes of this element, the Complainant must identify (a) describe the Illegal Order, (b) identify the University employee(s) who gave the Illegal Order, (c) specify the date or the approximate date on which the Illegal Order was given, (d) describe what the Complainant did in response to the Illegal Order that constituted a refusal to obey, and (e) specify the date or the approximate date when the refusal occurred.

ii. One or more Adverse Personnel Actions were taken against the Complainant. For purposes of this element, the Complainant must identify (a) describe the Adverse Personnel Action(s), (b) identify the University employee(s) responsible for each Adverse Personnel Action, and (c) specify the date or the approximate date on which each Adverse Personnel Action occurred.

iii. The basis for Complainant’s belief that refusing to obey the Illegal Order was a contributing factor in the Adverse Personnel Action(s).

D. Processing a Complaint

1. Preliminary Review by the LDO

After a complaint has been filed with or referred to the LDO, the LDO will promptly send the Complainant written acknowledgment of the complaint’s
receipt and determine whether the complaint is eligible for processing as a Retaliation Complaint.

a. Sworn Statement

When a complaint is filed without a Sworn Statement, the LDO will request that the Complainant correct this deficiency. If the Complainant fails to correct this deficiency within 15 days, a reasonable time frame, as established in local procedures, the LDO will dismiss the complaint and notify the Complainant in writing of the decision to dismiss. If the complaint is dismissed because a sworn statement is not provided within a reasonable time frame, the LDO will review the retaliation allegations to determine whether the facts being alleged should be considered as a report of suspected improper governmental activity that may warrant further inquiry they should be processed under the University’s Whistleblower Policy.

b. Timeliness and Required Allegations

The LDO will determine whether the complaint is timely. If it is not timely, the LDO will dismiss the complaint. If the complaint is dismissed as untimely, the LDO will review the allegations to determine whether the facts being alleged should be considered as a report of suspected improper governmental activity that may warrant further inquiry they should be processed under the University’s Whistleblower Policy.

c. Required Allegations

The LDO will also determine whether the complaint contains the required allegations, as set forth above in Section C.1. When determining whether a complaint contains the required allegations, the LDO may consult with the location’s an Investigations Workgroup, as defined under the University’s Whistleblower Policy, or an ad hoc workgroup, as needed. If the complaint is not specific or otherwise fails to provide sufficient information, the LDO may require that the Complainant amend the complaint to address the deficiencies. If the Complainant does not amend the complaint or otherwise correct the deficiencies within 15 days, a reasonable time frame, as established in local procedures, the LDO may dismiss all or some of the complaint.

d. Accepting the Retaliation Complaint

The LDO will notify the Complainant in writing when the complaint is accepted for processing as a Retaliation Complaint and is being assigned to the RCO.
for investigation. If only parts of the complaint are accepted, the LDO’s written notice will advise the Complainant as to which parts of the complaint have been accepted, which have been dismissed, and the reason for the dismissal(s). Under Section I. below, a Complainant may appeal a decision dismissing a complaint, in whole or part, on the grounds that it is untimely or otherwise ineligible for processing.

2. Notification of the Accused Employee(s)

When the LDO accepts a Retaliation Complaint for processing, the LDO will provide the employee(s) accused of retaliation with a copy of the Retaliation Complaint or a summary of the allegations related to the accused employee and advise him or her that an investigation is being initiated. If the Retaliation Complaint contains allegations against more than one employee, the LDO will provide each of them with those portions that contain allegations related to against him or her. The LDO’s notice will advise the accused employee of the option to submit a written response to the allegations within 30 days. The notice will also advise that the accused employee will be contacted to schedule an interview with the investigator and that an interview of the accused employee is an essential part of the investigatory process.

3. Referral to the RCO for Investigation

After the LDO accepts a Retaliation Complaint for processing, the LDO will refer the Retaliation Complaint to the RCO for investigation. If the RCO delegates any part of the investigation, the RCO retains responsibility for ensuring that the investigation is conducted in accordance with this policy.

4. Investigation

a. Investigation Process

The investigator will review the Retaliation Complaint and other relevant materials submitted by the Complainant. In addition, the investigator may request and review other documents and materials relevant to the allegations. The investigator will, whenever possible, interview the Complainant and the accused employee(s). In addition, the investigator will interview any other witnesses who the investigator believes are necessary in order to conduct a thorough investigation.

b. The Accused Employee’s Opportunity to Comment
If the accused employee chose to submit a response to the allegations, as set forth in section D.2. above, the investigator will include that statement in the investigation report. During the course of the investigation, the investigator will also provide the accused employee with an opportunity to comment on the documents on which the investigator plans to rely in reaching findings. Ordinarily, the investigator will do this in the course of interviewing the accused employee. Before findings are reached, the investigator will provide the accused employee(s) with an opportunity to respond to the Retaliation Complaint in a written statement. The investigator will advise the accused employee(s) when the statement needs to be submitted, making sure that a reasonable amount of time is provided for this purpose. The investigator will include any such statement in the record submitted to the Chancellor.

c. Witnesses

i. Local procedures must allow the Complainant, the accused employee(s), and other witnesses will be allowed a reasonable amount of paid time off to participate in interviews conducted by the investigator.

ii. The Complainant, the accused employee(s), and the other witnesses have a duty to cooperate with the investigator. This includes a duty to participate in interviews requested by the investigator, to answer the investigator’s questions honestly, and to provide documents and other materials requested by the investigator.

ii.iii. The Complainant, the accused employee(s), and other witnesses have a responsibility not to interfere with the investigation and to adhere to admonitions from the investigator in this regard. Evidence shall not be withheld, destroyed or tampered with, and witnesses shall not be influenced, coached, or intimidated.

iii.iv. If the Complainant or any accused employee fails or refuses to be interviewed, the investigator will complete the investigation based upon the information available.

d. Investigation Report

The investigator will prepare a written report containing findings of fact based on the evidence and the investigator’s conclusion as to whether retaliation in violation of the policy a policy violation occurred, using the applicable Evidentiary Standards set forth in Section E. below. The investigation report will provide sufficient detail to enable the Chancellor to make an independent determination as to whether a policy violation occurred. The investigation
report will include the Retaliation Complaint, a list of witnesses interviewed, any accused employee’s response to the allegations (if submitted) written statement submitted by the accused employee(s), and any other documents on which the investigator has relied in reaching findings.

When the investigation report is completed, the RCO will deliver it to the LDO. If the RCO did not personally conduct the investigation, the RCO should first review the investigation report to confirm that it is complete; if the investigation report is incomplete, the RCO should ask the investigator to address the deficiencies before proceeding.

e. Time Frame for Investigation

The RCO is responsible for delivering the investigation report to the LDO within 6 months from the date on which the LDO notifies the Complainant that the Retaliation Complaint has been accepted for processing.

The LDO may extend the 6-month deadline upon receipt of a written request from the RCO that explains why the extension is needed. Additional extensions may be sought when appropriate. The LDO will respond in writing to such requests and will also notify the Complainant in writing of any extensions that are granted. The LDO generally will not provide an extension or extensions that increase the 6-month time frame beyond 12 months total.

E. Evidentiary Standards

1. Evidentiary Standards for Retaliation Complaints

Consistent with California Government Code Section 8547.10(e), a Complainant who brings a Retaliation Complaint must demonstrate by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she either made a Protected Disclosure or refused to obey an Illegal Order and that such activity was a contributing factor in the alleged Adverse Personnel Action. If the Complainant has met that standard, the burden of proof shifts to the supervisor, manager, or University to demonstrate by clear and convincing evidence that the alleged Adverse Personnel Action would have occurred for legitimate, independent reasons even if the Complainant had not made a Protected Disclosure or refused to obey an Illegal Order. If that burden is not met, the employee shall have a complete affirmative defense to the Adverse Personnel Action that was the subject of the complaint.

Consistent with California Government Code Section 8547.10(d), nothing in this policy is intended to prevent a manager or supervisor from taking, directing
others to take, recommending, or approving any personnel action or from taking or failing to take an Adverse Personnel Action with respect to any employee or applicant for employment if the manager or supervisor reasonably believes any action or inaction is justified on the basis of evidence separate and apart from the fact that the person has made a Protected Disclosure or refused to obey an Illegal Order.

2. **Special Evidentiary Standard for Employees in the University’s Health Facilities**

When the Complainant is an employee of one of the University’s inpatient health facilities (i.e., facilities to which persons are admitted for a 24-hour stay or longer) and brings a Retaliation Complaint, the LDO (or designee) will determine whether the special evidentiary standard set forth in Section 1278.5 of the California Health and Safety Code applies.

**F. Decision by the Chancellor**

1. The LDO will present the investigation report to the Chancellor, who will render a decision in the matter consistent with the Evidentiary Standards set forth in Section E. above. The Chancellor may request that the investigator conduct further investigation or clarify information in the investigation report before the Chancellor renders a decision. If the Chancellor needs more information in order to make a decision, the Chancellor may request further investigation. The Chancellor will issue a written decision and send it to the Complainant and to the accused employee(s).

2. If the Chancellor determines that an employee or employees violated this policy and that the Complainant was harmed as a result of such violation, the Chancellor will award any appropriate relief, which will be identified in the Chancellor’s written decision provided to the Complainant. However, the written decision will not describe any action that may need to be taken against any employee found to have violated this policy.

3. **Absent extenuating In all-circumstances, the Chancellor’s written decision must** will be issued and sent to the Complainant no later than 18 months after the complaint was initially filed.

**G. Consequences for a University Employee Who Violated the Policy**

In those cases where the Chancellor has decided that an employee has violated this policy, the Chancellor, through the appropriate channels, will determine the appropriate
action(s) to be initiated, which may include disciplinary action against that employee. If the employee is not in a member of the Academic Senate, any disciplinary action will be in accordance with the applicable personnel policy or collective bargaining agreement. If the employee is a member of the Academic Senate, any disciplinary proceedings will be undertaken in accordance with the academic personnel policies and the procedures established by the Academic Senate.

H. Referral of Complaints to the Office of the President

1. When a complaint filed under this policy alleges that the Chancellor, the LDO, the LDO’s supervisor, the location’s Audit Director, the location’s Chief Compliance Officer or the location’s Chief Campus Counsel engaged in the retaliation that is the subject of the complaint, the LDO (or designee) will request that the Systemwide LDO accept the complaint for processing by the Office of the President.

2. In other special circumstances, the LDO may request that the Systemwide LDO accept a complaint for processing at the Office of the President. The request must state the reason(s) why it would be more appropriate to have the complaint processed at the Office of the President.

3. If the Systemwide LDO decides to accept a complaint for processing at the Office of the President, the Systemwide LDO will conduct the preliminary review in accordance with D.1. and will refer complaints accepted for processing to an RCO for investigation in accordance with Section D.4. above. In such circumstances, the RCO will present the findings of the investigation to the Systemwide LDO for a decision in accordance with Section F. above. If the Systemwide LDO concludes that an employee has violated this policy, the Systemwide LDO will refer the matter back to the appropriate official at the employee’s location to initiate appropriate action in accordance with Section G. above, except in cases where an adverse finding involves the Chancellor, in which case the Systemwide LDO will refer the matter to the President.

I. Appeals

The Complainant has no right to appeal a decision on the merits of a complaint or any remedy that may be awarded. However, the Complainant may appeal a local decision dismissing a complaint in whole or in part because it was untimely or lacked required allegations. Such appeals must be made in writing and received by the Systemwide LDO (or the Executive Vice President – Chief Operating Officer if the decision was made by the Systemwide LDO) within 30 calendar days of the date of the local decision being appealed. The appeal must state why the local decision should be overturned and must include copies of the complaint, the local decision, and the documents and other
evidence that support the appeal. An appeal is considered “filed” on the date it is postmarked, the date it is personally delivered, the date it is faxed, or the date it is emailed.

J. Reporting Requirements

Each location will submit a copy of the local procedures implementing this policy to the Senior Vice President/Chief Compliance and Audit Officer. Additionally, each location will provide information regarding complaints filed under this policy and their status to the Senior Vice President/Chief Compliance and Audit Officer using the method established by him or her for this purpose.

IV. COMPLIANCE / RESPONSIBILITIES

See Section III.J.

V. PROCEDURES

Applicable procedures are outlined throughout the policy text in Section III.

VI. RELATED INFORMATION

- University of California Policy on Reporting and Investigating Allegations of Suspected Improper Governmental Activities (Whistleblower Policy) (referenced in Section I., Section III.A., Section III.B.2., Section III.D.1.a., Section III.D.1.b., and Section III.D.1.cb.)

VII. FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

Not applicable.

VIII. REVISION HISTORY

This policy was last revised on October 4, 2002.
Future revisions to this policy will be circulated under standard procedures for Presidential Policies; in the case of this policy, the review will include circulation under the standard Academic Personnel Manual (APM) process, with final authority resting with the President.